Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Jhall N[illegible]n from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 9. 1901. NO. 17.

TRAGEDY AT MILLHEIM!

Jesse King Shot Wife Then Killed Himself.

WIFE'S INJURIES PROBABLY FATAL

Young Couple's Short Married Life Ends With a Doleful Tragedy—Fatal Shooting Happened Early Monday Morning.

WERE MARRIED FEBRUARY 21, 1901

As a result of marital troubles a young wife lies on a bed of pain with probably fatal injuries while her young husband of only a few months, lies cold in death. This doleful tragedy occurred at Millheim, Centre county, between 5 and 6 o'clock Monday morning, when Jesse King shot his wife inflicting injuries which will probably prove fatal and then when the officers came to arrest him turned the revolver upon nimself with fatal results.

Jesse A. King was married on the 21st of February, 1901, to Miss Junie Mowry, the daughter of Henry and Mary L. Mowry, of Aaronsburg. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home by Rev. F. W. Brown and was a quiet but a very pretty affair. The groom took his bride to a home which he had prepared for her at Texas, a suburb of Millheim, but their married life was of short duration. The groom had no steady employment and soon family dissensions sprang up which terminated a few weeks ago by Mrs. King returning to her mother at Aaronsburg. King made overtures for a reconciliation and on Sunday went to Aaronsburg and persuaded his wife to return home with him that evening. She however did not promise to stay with him and said that she was going to her sisters at Spring Mills.

When they got up Monday she found that he had hidden her shoes and a quarrel ensued during which he shot her the bullet entering the bowels just above the left hip.

King then left the house and ran to his fathers a short distance away and told his folks that he had shot his wife stating that he was going back to finish the job and then he would kill himself.

After her husband left the house Mrs. King, wounded and suffering as she was, managed to drag herself to the office of Justice of the Peace Franklyn Pierce Musser where she made information against her husband charging him with the shooting. A warrant was at once sworn out and Constable P. F. Leitzel and Squire Musser started with a horse and buggy to arrest their man. They met him walking along the pike in front of Frank Kern's house. Wm. Reifsnyder was with him at the time. The officers at once explained their business to King when as quick as a flash he reached in his inside pocket and pulling a revolver placed it to his breast and fired. The bullet entered just below his heart. The officers were horrified but they attempted to take him in their buggy. They only proceeded a short distance until he asked to be let out and they compiled with his request lying him down on the grass beside the road where he expired about twenty minutes after the shooting occurred.

When Mrs. King reached the squire's office she was in a very critical condition. She was attended by Dr. G. S. Frank. Later she was taken to the residence of Peter Confer, just outside the boro limits where she will receive every attention neccessary.

King was 26 years of age and his wife is 20. The revolver used by King was a 32 calibre, center fire. He is a son of Abram and Diana King, of Millheim. The principals lived at Texas a little village on the outskirts of Millheim.

LATER.

The condition of Mrs. King who was shot by her husband at Millheim Monday, is slightly improved, and the doctor's entertain some hope of her recovery. The funeral of King took place from his late home at Millheim Wednesday morning Rev. Haven, pastor of the Methodist church officiating. Interment in Union cemetery at that place.

—An exchange says: It has been agreed that newspaper subscriptions are an infallible test of a man's honesty. They will sooner or later discover a man. If he is not honest he will cheat the printer some day—declare he has paid when he has not—sent money in the mails which was lost—will take the paper and will not pay for it—or move off and leave it coming to the office he left. Thousands are dishonest in this particular, and the printer's book will tell fearful tales at the final day.

The Arch of Chinese Origin.

The Chinese structures that impress the engineering observer most strongly are the bridges, the pagodas, the city walls, and certain details of building construction. The arch, that beautiful structure from the scientific as well as the æsthetic point of view, is generally believed to be of Roman origin. It was not known to or at least never used by the Greeks, and although the shape appears in certain specimens of Hindu architecture it is of false variety—that is, a succession of protruding corbels. In China, on the other hand, we find it of most widespread and general application, and examination shows that the principles involved are thoroughly understood. The universal use of the design in all parts of the country and the undoubted antiquity of so many of the existing examples clearly demonstrate that it long antedates any possible foreign suggestions and go a long way to establish it as of Chinese origin—a department, however, which, like printing and gunpowder, never passed beyond the national borders.—Engineering Magazine.

Fatal Accident on the Hastings Branch.

About 3 o'clock Friday afternoon a freight train in charge of Conductor Robinson and Engineer Dawson got beyond the control of the crew and ran into the rear end of the Patton work train. The accident occurred on Hastings' hill, on the Hastings branch of the Cresson and Clearfield division. There was one fatality. Rosso Ponso, an Italian laborer, was instantly killed. He was a married man and his home was at Patton. The damage to rolling stock was slight and the track was clear within an hour after the accident. It was impossible for the crew to check the train's progress, although the brakes were all set and the locomotive reversed.

Housecleaning Accident.

Tuesday morning, April 23, Mrs. John Minnich, of Bedford, went up to the attic of her house with a bucketful of water and a lighted lamp to do some cleaning. While at work she made a misstep and fell downstairs, overturning the lamp which exploded and set fire to her clothing and a bureau filled with bed clothes. When she fell she upset the bucket and the water falling upon her put out the fire which was consuming her dress. After a heroic and apparently hopeless struggle, the two sons succeeded in subduing the flames. Mrs. Minnich was seriously injured, her head being cut and bruised and he hands and feet burned. She was in a critical condition, but is improving. The bureau and its contents, 3 dresses, some wearing apparel and other things were consumed.—Ex.

Hurt by Bursting of a Grindstone.

By the bursting of a grindstone in the American Axe and Tool company's factory at Mill Hall Friday Wm. Ruhl was seriously injured. He was standing by the stone when the accident occurred and was hurled with great force against the side of the building. He was seriously cut and bruised but fortunately no bones were broken. This is Mr. Ruhl's second experience of the kind, he having the first time been flung with great force to the roof of the building. The stone was probably a defective one or was being propelled too rapidly when the accident occurred.

—A bill that passed the house of representatives recently, is of interest to sportsmen. It provides that no one shall shoot deer with any weapon that contains more than one bullet or missile for each load that is fired. If this measure should become a law, it will put an end to the buckshot hunter. The rifle will have the sole call.

—The body of Wm. Bruaw, who was drowned in the river at Middletown by cattle showing him off the ferry, and who was reported at first as being from Lock Haven, was found close to where he fell in the water, Thursday. The remains were shipped to the man's home at Strinestown. He was drowned April 11.

—The commencement exercises of the Philipsburg high school will be held on the evening of Friday, May 31. The graduating class consists of Misses Carrie Perks, Elizabeth Fryberger, Sara Herrman, Ida McCausland and Viola Bair, and Piere Faulkner. The exercises will be held in the high school room.

—The railroad branch of the Y. M. C. A. at DuBois has been presented with a library costing $1,000 by J. F. Dinkey, of Rochester, N. Y., auditor and treasurer of the B. R. & P. railroad system.

—Governor Stone has appointed Sam'l A. Steel, of Huntingdon, a member of the board of managers of the Huntingdon reformatory, vice Samuel McCamant, of Tyrone, deceased.

PRESIDENT IN ARIZONA

Warm Welcome Tendered the Party at Phoenix

COWBOYS CALL FOR "TEDDY."

McKinley Visits the Congress Gold Mine and Sees the American Flag Wave 1500 Feet Under Ground.

TRAIN DELAYED TWO HOURS

PHOENIX, Ariz., May 8.—The presidential party spent an interesting day Tuesday in Arizona. The beautiful turquoise sky, bright sunshine and invigorating air afforded the party much relief after the hot and dusty ride of Monday. Two hours were spent at the Congress Gold Mine, up in the clouds of the Blue Tank mountains. A large American flag was draped across the tunnel through which the President passed, and after he emerged he told the little group of miners who congregated about the train that he had seen Old Glory floating from tower and State House and warship in many different places, but that never before during his life had he seen the American flag 1500 feet under ground.

Leaving the rich mining section in the mountains, 4000 feet above sea level, train dropped down into the Green Salt River Valley, with its waving alfalfa meadows and big herds of cattle. This valley is called the garden spot of Arizona and was reclaimed by irrigation. Monday passing through New Mexico and Tuesday in Arizona the cow punchers at the stopping places along the route inquired vociferously where "Teddy" was. Many of the Vice-President's Rough Riders during the Spanish war were recruited in this section, and there was much disappointment that he was not in the party.

At Wickesburg, the scene of the recent gold mine strike, the train was halted long enough to permit the President to receive a visit from the school children. The children presented Mrs. McKinley with a cabinet of specimens. The President thanked the children in Mrs. McKinley's behalf and addressed them briefly as follows:

"It gives me great pleasure to be received by the Governor of your territory and to receive your warm welcome as we journey toward Phoenix. It is especially pleasant to meet the children. There is nothing so essential in a free government, resting upon the people, as education, and I have been glad to note that in your territory broad and ample provisions are made for education. The schoolhouse is the university out of which comes good citizens, and it is on good citizenship we must rely not only for the present but for the future, for the glory of the Republic."

About 20 miles outside of Phoenix the party saw from the car windows the Government agricultural experimental station, to which Secretary Wilson a year ago sent 40 date palms, which had been brought out of the Tripoli desert on the backs of camels. The palms are doing well.

An accident to the locomotive tender delayed the arrival at Phoenix two hours and somewhat disarranged the program there. Nevertheless, the party received a rousing welcome, Governor Murphy and the territorial officers had met the party at Congress mine and accompanied them back to Phoenix. At the station the territorial militia, a company of cowboys on bronchos, and some of the friendly Pima and Maricopa Indians joined in a wildly enthusiastic reception. The party was driven to the Adams hotel for luncheon and afterward escorted to the territorial Capitol, where the formal exercises took place.

Governor Murphy delivered an address of welcome, to which the President responded.

—The one hundred and eighteenth commencement exercises of Dickinson College, at Carlisle, will be held June 1 to 5, inclusive.

—Car Inspector C. D. Kreider is making attractive improvements to his East Bishop street residence.

—It isn't because the other fellow has money that we are discontented, but because we haven't.

—James L. Mulhollan, of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension of $10 a month.

—Wisely spoke the sage who said; "Example is far more than precept. It is instruction in action."

—River Jordan water is now exported regularly for baptismal purposes.

Disrobed by a Shaft.

Jonas Boal narrowly escaped death Thursday of last week. On the afternoon of that day, he went to the lower portion of E. M. Huyett's stave mill at Colyer, to do some repairing or oiling at a line shaft, which is about two feet from the floor, his clothing was caught by a set-screw which holds the shaft from working endwise. The rapidly revolving shaft at once began to wind the workman's clothing around it and presently he was almost in a nude condition, his clothing being in shreds and scattered over the lower portion of the mill.

His cries for help brought to his assistance the fireman, Wm. Strong, who found his fellow workman lying on the ground in a pool of water. He was picked up, and Dr. Alexander, of Potters Mills was summoned, under whose medical skill he is improving, and expects to go to work within a week.

Mr. Boal was twice thrown around the shaft and received many bruises on all parts of his body. The mill hands were greatly excited when their associate was picked up, as it was believed that he would die instantly.—Centre Hall Reporter.

Spanish-American War Veteran Murdered.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 2.—John F. Reynolds, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, was shot dead yesterday afternoon by John P. Cummings. The men had been friends for years but they quarreled a week ago. Yesterday morning Cummings purchased a revolver and a box of cartridges and spent several hours walking about the city. The shooting occurred in Crompton park, where the men met.

Edward Mara, a friend, held Cummings until the arrival of the police. Cummings says he was afraid of Reynolds and he warned him he was armed and would shoot if Reynolds made any advances toward him.

Pan-American Exposition.

BUFFALO, May 2.—The beautiful electrical [illegible]day Wednesday night was the culminating event of the opening day of the Pan-American exposition. The attendance Wednesday morning was small, owing to the threatening weather. Later in the day, when the sun broke through the gray clouds, the crowd began to assume the proportions of an exposition throng, and last night thousands passed through the turnstiles. The opening day ceremonies were postponed until May 20.

Largest Floating Dock in the World.

The big steel floating dock to be located at Algiers, La., near New Orleans, and now building by the Merian Steel Co., of Baltimore is practically completed. Admiral Endicott was the designer of the big structure. It is the largest floating dry dock in the world. Over 13,000,000 pounds of steel have been used in its construction.

What Cripple Creek District Has Produced.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 2.—Carefully compiled statistics by the Gazette show that the gold production of the Cripple Creek district, up to the close of the past month, makes a grand total of $100,000,000. Gold was first discovered in this camp in 1859.

—Cuba's foreign trade is slowly growing, but it is going to Europe rather than to the United States.

—In boring for oil at Beaumont, Texas, it is reported that a vein of pure sulphur 70 feet thick was discovered.

—A passing freight train intervened between an eloping Jersey couple and the bride's irate father, who was in hot pursuit of his fleeing daughter. The angry parent offered his driver $25 if he would overtake the pair, but the jehu of the pursued, seeing the other was gaining on him, whipped up his team and got over the crossing just as a freight train on the Lehigh Valley road came in sight. By the time it had passed the happy couple were "out of sight."

—The Odd Fellows of Buffalo have issued a card and circular addressed to the members of the order throughout the world calling attention to their headquarters at 213 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, where book of registry will be kept and competent persons constantly in charge to give (free of charge) reliable information to visiting brethren, their family and friends concerning Buffalo, its clean respectable hotels, boarding houses, etc. Visitors are at liberty to have letters or telegrams addressed to them in care of headquarters and as all Odd Fellows know the teaching of the order they know what hospitality will be. All members are requested to be present on Odd Fellow days, June 26 and 27. All strangers should have an "official receipt" for identification.

THIEVES LEFT NO CLUE

Broke Into the Office of Speaker Henderson, at Washington, D. C.

SEARCHED DESKS, SHELVES, BOXES

Their Object Unknown, Although It is Believed That They May Have Been Seeking Some Important State Papers or Documents.

NOTHING OF MONEY VALUE TAKEN

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Burglary was committed at the Capitol Sunday night. The room of Speaker Henderson was broken into, desks and boxes opened and their contents turned over, evidently by some one in search of some particular paper or document.

The Capitol police are mystified. Sunday the building is closed to the public and only a few employees, whose duties require their presence, are permitted to enter. The officers cannot imagine how any one got in and secreted himself so as to commit the burglary which occurred some time between 6:30 and 10:30 in the evening.

The Speaker's room is across the east corridor from the office of the Sergeant-at-Arms with a door opening into the lobby in the rear of the hall of the House of Representatives. A watchman is supposed to be on guard in that lobby all the time. Sunday night the watchman tried the door of the Speaker's room about 6:30 found it locked, and shortly afterward went to his lunch. His next examination was made at 10:30, when he found the door to the Speaker's office open, the lock having been forced.

Entering he found that the desks in the room, boxes and shelves had been opened and searched. Papers were thrown about, but it was evident that the intruders had not broken in with the idea of stealing furniture or anything of pure money value, as various ornaments and souvenirs belonging to the Speaker were untouched, some of them being of silver, were of considerable worth.

The Speaker's stenographer, Mr. Johnson, after making a close investigation, is satisfied that the burglars did not find what they were seeking. Nothing is missing, he states. Mr. Henderson's private papers are all packed away in packing boxes, securely nailed and screwed together. None of these boxes was opened. What the object of the burglary was is a deep mystery.

A further examination by the police showed that an attempt had been made to break into the Ways and Means committee room, the lock of the door having been tampered with. It has been suggested that unscrupulous parties may have heard that papers are in possession of the Speaker or in the Ways and Means committee room that might be of value if held for a reward, but the wildest speculation fails to indicate the character of such documents. No clew has been found to the identity of the burglars.

The fact that the Capitol has been entered and a room broken into has caused somewhat of a sensation. The Sergeant-at-Arms office, almost adjoining the Speaker's room, contains a safe in which there are at times large sums of money deposited, although during a vacation of Congressmen very little cash is kept there.

Epworth League Convention.

The fifth international convention of the Epworth League, to be held in San Francisco July 18th to 21st, is already eliciting great interest throughout the country, and the prospect for a very large attendance is most flattering. The present prosperity, and the very great interest in the Pacific coast in view of its proximity to our new possessions in the Pacific and the far east, are likely to prove a strong incentive to travel in this direction the coming summer. The music is expected to be a specially attractive feature of the coming convention. A chorus of two thousand voices has already been organized, and has begun work upon some of the world's masterpieces of sacred songs.

A Veteran of the Navy Dead.

LANCASTER, May 6.—David Porter Rosenmiller, formerly mayor of this city, died Friday of tetanus, the result of a cancer. Mr. Rosenmiller left college in 1861 to enter the United States navy. He was executive officer of the Essex, the sloop of war which blew up the rebel ram Arkansas. After the war he was elected to the state legislature and was made district attorney of Lancaster. Mr. Rosenmiller was a near relative of Admiral Porter.

May March on Harrisburg.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 6.—A committee from the United Mine Workers' districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9, of the anthracite region, will go to Harrisburg today to see Acting President Snyder of the state senate. He is expected to inform them whether the senate committee intends holding up the labor bills or report them in the negative.

In either event news will be sent to the coal region, whereupon the secretaries of the districts were notified to hold mass meetings this evening in every town and village, to prepare the men for mobilization preparatory to the invasion of Harrisburg.

Secretary Hartlein, of district No. 9, said yesterday that the men should be at the state capital by Wednesday night or Thursday. The men do not expect the authorities to interfere with them, despite a rumor that the militia would disperse them if the march started.

HAZLETON, Pa., May 6.—It is estimated that the Hazleton region will furnish about 5,000 men on the march to Harrisburg if the leaders decide that such a move will be necessary to force through the legislature the bills endorsed by the United Mine Workers. Hazleton will be the point of mobilization for the Lehigh region.

From this city the men will march across the mountains to Panther Creek valley and thence to Pottsville, where they will join the Schuylkill forces. The foreigners are very enthusiastic and all are in readiness to move. Arrangements are being made to have drum corps and brass bands accompany the marchers. The matter of feeding the men on the march and on their arrival at the state capital has not yet been definitely settled.

"Our Great Prosperity."

On March 4th President McKinley was sworn into office for a second term of four years. In his inaugural address he spoke of "our great prosperity" and said:

Then [four years ago] there was deep solicitude because of the long depression in our manufacturing, mining, agricultural and mercantile industries and the consequent distress of our laboring population. Now every avenue of production is crowded with activity, labor is well employed and American products find good markets at home and abroad.

We should not permit our great prosperity to lead us to reckless ventures in business or profligacy in public expenditure.

Evidence accumulates showing that the good times that came along a few years ago are with us yet and give signs of increasing rather than diminishing. Secretary Gage predicts that we will have a trade balance in our favor this year of over $700,000,000 in our dealings with foreign countries. Our locomotives are going in great numbers to various parts of Europe, to South Africa, to Egypt and to the far East. We are giving Lyons a sharp rub for the leadership in silk manufactures. Our machinery is supplanting all other machinery in foreign lands, and England is at her wit's end to know how to get up with the procession and regain her lost supremacy as a hardware and machinery producer.

The whole outlook for business of all kinds is of the most cheering and encouraging character, a state of things upon which we most heartily congratulate the 4,000,000 policy-holders whose names are on our books and who are in all respects true representatives of the American people.

A Doctor's Terrible Struggle With an Insane Man.

Dr. Max J. Reinhold, of Williamsport, Thursday night had a desperate battle with Thomas King, who a few days ago, made his escape from a private insane hospital in Philadelphia and came to his home in that city. Dr. Reinhold was the attending physician before King was sent to the insane hospital and the latter evidently believed that the doctor was chiefly instrumental in having him incarcerated. Dr. Reinhold was summoned to the King home late Thursday night by the family of the insane man. Soon after the doctor entered King sprang toward him and struck him a terrible blow between the eyes with his fist. The doctor is an athletic man and, grappling with his opponent, a desperate struggle began. Members of the family quickly alarmed the neighbors with their cries for assistance, and several men who rushed into the house overpowered King. He says he escaped from the hospital by scaling the walls.

—The Secretary of War has ordered Capt. Elmer W. Hubbard of the artillery corps to visit the Pennsylvania State College to inspect the military organization at that institution. Capt. Hubbard will also visit other schools in Pennsylvania for like purpose.

Additional Locals.

—They say boys love to play; girls to display.

—A colored hand on the West Branch railroad was struck over the head one day last week by his boss, and immediately brought suit against his assailant.

—President McKinley and Secretary Hay have each subscribed $100 to the relief fund for famine suffers in China being collected by the Christian Herald.

—If you are sick all over, and don't know just what ails you, it's ten to one your kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health and energy. All Druggists.

—The astronomers have sighted a new comet. The celestial stranger is the brightest since the one which appeared in 1882. The comet should be looked for before sunrise or after sunset.

—W. E. Gray, Esq., of Bellefonte, has been reappointed referee in bankruptcy for Western district of Pennsylvania, a position he has filled acceptably since the passage of the bankrupt laws.

—The greatest skin specialist in America originated the formula for Banner Salve. For all skin diseases, all cuts or sores, and for piles, it's the most healing medicines. Beware of substitutes. All Druggists.

—The gates of the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo were thrown open to the public on Wednesday, but the opening ceremonies were deferred until the 20th inst. when they will be combined with the dedication.

—Miss. Mamie Smith, Middlesboro, Ky., Writes: "My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved. It saved her life." All Druggists

—A Bellefonte exchange notes the purchase of a fine home by W. Harrison Walker, Esq., and hints of matrimony. Philipsburg seems to have attractions for the gentleman. Can it be that any of our girls is to preside over that home?—Philipsburg *Journal*.

—Geo. C. Hickock, Curtiss, Wis., says: "Foley's Kidney Cure has been tested and found to be all you claim for it. I have given it to my father and it is the only thing that ever helped him." All Druggists.

—Marshal C. Blaine, a contractor, filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District court in New York on Saturday with liabilities of $175,875; no assets. The principal creditors are all in Huntingdon, Pa., the largest being the Union bank, $52,500; William Davis $50,000, and K. A. Lovell, $41,183.

—"I had a running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry R. Richards of Willseyville, N. Y., 'and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one-half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly." All Druggists.

—The superintendent of the Pottsville public schools has started a crusade against the cigarette habit of the public school pupils. Suit will be entered against all dealers selling cigarettes to school boys, and the boys using the prohibited articles may be suspended from school.

—Thomas Maple, Birkbeck, Ill., writes: "I had a very bad case of kidney trouble and my back pained me so I could not straighten up. The doctor's treatment did me no good. Saw Foley's Kidney Cure advertised and took one bottle which cured me and I have not been affected since. I gladly recommend this remedy." All Druggists.

—Farmers who have carefully examined the apple, cherry and peach buds say they are all right so far, and with no late freeze there will be a great yield of fruit this year in Centre county. About the only thing that could happen now to damage the fruit prospects would be a heavy frost while the trees are in full bloom.

—A coal train parted and ran together Tuesday at Lewistown. Brakeman W. H. Press, of Sunbury, who has been on the road a short time, was caught in the wreckage and instantly killed. His legs were crushed and he was otherwise injured. He leaves a wife and two children at Sunbury. He was 38 years old.

—Liverymen at Altoona have been approached by a Pittsburg syndicate, which is attempting to buy up all the stables in the state. It is understood the liverymen's business will be purchased outright. The present owners will continue as managers.

—Fourteen thousand quarter sections of land in Oklahoma will be thrown open free to settlers not later than August 6th. Each settler is to have one quarter section and veteran soldiers have the preference. It has not been determined just how the allotment will be made—whether by grand rush or drawing lots.

—The United States transport Sedgwick sailed Friday evening for New York, having on board nineteen Porto Rico youths who are going to the United States to be educated. Eleven of them are bound for the United States Government Indian Training school at Carlisle, Pa. The government will assume the expenses of the eleven students referred to.

—The board of education in New York City recently adopted a rule forbidding the school children to give presents to their teachers, unless the gifts are sent anonymously to the teachers' homes. This is done to break up the favoritism which exists in the schools, charges having been made that some of the teachers favored the children who constantly loaded them down with presents.

AT NEW ORLEANS

Magnificent Reception Tendered President McKinley

TRIP THROUGH THE COTTON BELT

All Along the Route the People Turned Out to See the Chief Magistrate of the Country and Those With Him.

NEW ORLEANS, May 2.—The presidential party traveled across the Cotton Belt yesterday from Memphis almost to the Gulf of Mexico. Down the low-lying, rich Yazoo Valley, fertile as that of the Nile, it went to Vicksburg, teeming with its memories of 30 years ago; thence east to Jackson, the capital of Mississippi, and from there down into the land of the magnolia and the orange to the old romantic city near the mouth of the Mississippi with its traditions of French and Spanish rule.

The outpourings of the people to see the presidential train along the route yesterday was larger if anything than of the two previous days, and the demonstrations at Vicksburg and Jackson, the two principal stops, were very striking. The visit to Vicksburg was in some respects the most interesting yet made. Here a triumphal arch of cotton bales, with the magic word "Expansion," pointed out to the president, as he passed under it, the path of the new south. Although it had not been intended to make any stops after leaving Jackson, the train was halted at several of the smaller towns where cotton mills are located, to permit the president to see and speak to the operatives.

At some of the stations the crowds actually impeded the passage of the train and the engineer was obliged to slow down to avoid danger of running over the enthusiastic people. As the sun was lowering the train crossed the bayou, with its tangles of moss covered live oaks, and steamed into New Orleans. It is the first time New Orleans has ever had a visit from the chief magistrate of the nation. And it was a royal reception that the old city extended to President McKinley. Mr. McKinley has been here before. He made a notable speech here the year preceding his nomination for the presidency, and ex-President Cleveland was here upon one occasion during the interim between his two terms, but never before has a president while in office visited the Crescent City.

The air was filled with the blare of bands, the booming of cannon and the scream of whistles from the harbor craft as the train drew into the station. Here the president and his party were greeted by Governor Heard, Mayor Capdevielle, Senators McEnery and Foster, the entire Louisiana congressional delegation, the city council and representatives of the various commercial exchanges. While the mayor was formally extending the hospitality of the city to the president a fine military band was completely drowning his words with New Orleans's favorite air, "Louisiana Lou".

The crowd around the station was so dense that it required the heroic efforts of the police to keep the path to the carriage clear. Never, except in Mardi Gras times, were they known to be choked and jammed with surging humanity. Mrs. McKinley and the ladies of the party dined quietly at the hotel and later received the ladies of New Orleans. The president and his cabinet, with the other gentlemen of the party, were given an elaborate banquet at the hotel in the evening. About 300 of the prominent citizens of New Orleans were present and the banquet was said to have exceeded in every respect anything of a similar character attempted in this city.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by F. Potts Green drug store.

Bellefonte Central Railroad to Be Extended as Far as Huntingdon.

Plans are afoot, according to the Harrisburg "Patriot," to extend the Bellefonte Central railroad to the main line of the "Pennsy." This extension is intended not only to tap a rich country, but in order to gain the growing trade of the little railway. Huntingdon, on the Middle division of the "Pennsy," is mentioned as the terminal point of the Central. If the plan is carried out the Pennsylvania will gain thereby another valuable feeder.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart

acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, fluttering, sinking, smothering, or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heart sick patient into the haven of radiant and perfect health. Gives relief in most acute forms of heart disease in 30 minutes.—6 Sold by F. Potts Green.

—The boy who will not spade the garden to plant onions and things will scrape over four acres of land to get a bunch of arbutus for his best girl.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's ELECTRIC Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure

Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists

or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY," sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts. $3, $5, and $10. Electric Corsets, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2, and $3. Electric Flesh Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Razors, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $3.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N.Y.

MILITARY MATTERS.

Company C, Fifth regiment, has ordered a complete outfit of khaki uniforms. The uniforms will be made at the State arsenal, and will be of the regulation pattern.

The resignation of Battalion Adjutant James G. Mahaffey, of Clearfield has been received at regimental headquarters. Press of business prevents him from giving the position his attention, and he has tendered his resignation.

The date for the brigade board meeting at Altoona, in order to examine all the officers of the Fifth regiment who were not in commission previous to 1898, has not been fixed, although it is expected that it will be some time before May 15.

Captain H. A. Miller, of Company C, Fifth regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard, disapproving of the repairs recently made to the company's armory on Walnut street, Hollidaysburg, has asked for the resignations of First Lieutenant C. A. Beswick and Second Lieutenant James W. Hayes. Both of these officers were almost unanimously elected last Friday night.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Hand Torn from Arm.

Isaac Hile, of Lewisburg, had one of his hands torn from his arm on Saturday afternoon at the Buffalo mills, at that place. In the basement of the building there is a grindstone that is at the disposal of the public. Mr. Hile on Saturday wanted to sharpen an axe, and in turning on the belt had his hand caught and drawn around the shaft. The hand was torn entirely loose from the arm. He is 70 years of age, and on account of his age, it is feared that he will not survive the shock.

Contributions to the Soldiers Monument Fund.

The following contributions to the Soldier's Monument Fund have been received by the Treasurer of the fund, James Harris.

Ex-Judge Samuel Frank	$1.00
L. B. Frank	50
F. D. Stover Co. D, 148th P. V.	1.00
Thos. E. Royer Corp. Co. A, 148th P. V.	5.00
Prof. Henry Meyer, " " " " "	2.00
Manasses Gilbert, " " " " "	1.00
Chas. Bierly " " " " "	1.00
Elias Stover, " " " " "	1.00
Jas. J. Corman, " " " " "	1.00
Wm. Weight, " " " " "	1.00

Leonard's Appointments.

United States Marshal Fred C. Leonard at Harrisburg Thursday announced the appointment of his deputies for the new middle district of the United States court, with headquarters in Harrisburg. Chief office deputy at Harrisburg, H. S. Laurish, of Mauch Chunk; office deputy at Harrisburg, Samuel Lapp, of Mifflintown; office deputy at Scranton, J. W. Snyder, of Coudersport.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TUBERCULOSIS STAMPED OUT.

The Cattle at Rock View Farms Examined and Fifteen Killed.

On Wednesday Dr. Holley, of Muncy, Pa., examined the cattle on the Rock View farms of Col. W. Fred Reynolds. He was sent here by Dr. Leonard Pearson, state veterinary surgeon. Out of the heard of 148 examined by Dr. Holley it was found that 15 head of the valuable cattle were afflicted with tuberculosis and they were at once killed. These cattle were valued at $1,000. Col, Reynolds will have a part of this money refunded to him by the state.

J. Harris Hoy, manager of the Rock View farms states that they now have the disease entirely stamped out from among their herd, but in about 6 months' time the cattle will again be examined in order to make sure that there is no tuberculosis among them.

Driven Out by Forest Fires.

John H. Harper and family, with Mr. Harper's uncle and aunt, had a thrilling escape from being burned to death by forest fires at their home in the Seven mountains, three miles south of Potter's Mills, Wednesday afternoon.

For several days forest fires raged fiercely on both the Alleghenies around Snow Shoe and in the Seven mountains along the Bellefonte and Lewistown pike. At the Seven mountains the flames covered a stretch of several miles. Wednesday afternoon the fire swept down the gap to the farm on which lived the Harper family. In a trice the buildings were on fire, and in less than an hour the house, barn and outbuildings were only a pile of ashes.

The inmates endeavored to save their wearing apparel, but as fast as it was carried from the house it was licked up by the flames, and finally all were compelled to flee for their lives, reaching safety only after being severely burned, with their clothing charred. A horse and a pig were all the live stock that were saved. The Harpers had no insurance and are left without a cent in the world.

Rabid Dog at Romola.

The Romola correspondent of the Howard Hustler says:

Our neighborhood is greatly excited over a mad dog that passed through here last week. He fought with every dog he came in contact with; chased and bit cattle, and in fact everything he came in contact with. One person, Mr. James Gardner, Sr., was attacked, the animal fastening his teeth in his trouser legs so tight that Mr. Gardner had to choke him loose. His daughter came to his rescue and the dog was driven off. He next turned up in Cato where he bit several cattle and other animals, and entered the mines and attacked the miners. He was finally despatched by the Hungarians.

The dogs are all tied up for fear hydrophobia may develop about the ninth day. We hope, however that the dog that passed through had not rabies.

Wedding at Hublersburg.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride in Hublersburg, Centre county, on Thursday, the 2d inst., being the marriage of Miss Josephine Wilson and Mr. John D. Allison, of Jamison City, Rev. H. I. Crow officiating. Only the immediate family was present. The bride is an accomplished young lady and one of Centre county's most excellent primary school teachers. The groom holds a responsible position as superintendent of a large tannery at Jamison City. Amid showers of rice the happy couple left on a short tour to northern cities, after which they will go to housekeeping in a neatly furnished home in Jamison City. They have the best wishes of a host of friends.

Take One

of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills after dinner. It will promote digestion and overcome any evil effects of too hearty eating. Safe, prompt, active, painless and pleasant. This effective little pill is supplanting all the old school nauseous purgative. 40 doses, 10 cents'—7 Sold by F. Potts Green.

—The Journal, printed at the city of Philipsburg, has this to say about the alleys of the mountain metropolis. "The awful stench arising from some of the alleys in town, as well as the ghastly looking ash piles that loom up in these by-ways, ought to suggest to our authorities the thought that it is high time such nuisances be abated. The condition of some of the alleys is calculated to spread disease, saying nothing of appearances,"

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Lost a Valuable Horse.

Wm. Weber, of Howard, lost a valuable trotting mare last Friday by strangulation. The mare had been in use in the morning, and had been in the stable but a short time when it was discovered she was fast. In attempting to reach under a partition in the manger her head got fast in some way and as a result she was strangled to death.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

—The Census Bureau has issued a bulletin announcing that the center of the population of the United States, excluding Alaska and the recent territorial accessions, on June 1 was six miles southeast of Columbus, Bartholomew county, in Southern Indiana.

Wifehood as the Test of Womanhood.

The Good Woman Who Makes a Bad Wife.

Marriage was a serious thing to the grandparents and great grandparents of the present generation. No woman entered lightly upon wedlock. She knew that she was going to found a family, and that she must be equal to all the responsibilities of the position she assumed. She must be able to order her own household; to knit, sew, spin, make bread, butter, soap, candles, and indeed care for and clothe a whole

family. She must not be craven when the whoop of the Indian warned of a dreadful danger. She must stand by her husband, gun in hand.

How many women of to-day could undertake wifehood under such conditions? Few indeed. Not because the modern American woman lacks courage, but because she lacks as a rule the physical health which is the indispensable qualification for a life such as was lived by the women of the past.

That is why a good woman may be a bad wife. Virtue and goodness are excellent things in women, but to guide a house and bear children demands above all sound physical health.

WOMEN CONVICTS.

To a great number of women the house they live in is almost on a par with a prison. It is prison-like in the monotonous regularity of daily duties; prison-like in the absence of all pleasure in what is done or joy in the doing. And the reason is to be found in womanly ill-health. Few women realize how intimately the general health is related to the health of the delicate womanly organs. A woman may suffer with heart "trouble," disorders of kidneys, liver or stomach, or with nervous prostration as a result of a diseased condition of the womanly organism. Many such women "doctor" for years for various diseases and wonder why they don't get better. They can't get better until the womanly organism is entirely cured of its diseases.

This is not theory. It is a statement of simple facts founded upon the testimony of hundreds of thousands of women who have been cured of womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. They had been just "dragging around" for years, with throbbing heads and aching backs, nervous, dyspeptic, miserable. The once fresh colored cheeks had grown sallow, the eyes were dull, the body had lost its plumpness. They had in numerous instances tried many doctors and medicines, exhausting the local medical skill at their disposal. At last some friend or neighbor who has personally proved the curative power of "Favorite Prescription" recommends the use of this medicine and that in almost every case means another sick woman made well and strong.

ASTONISHED THE DOCTOR.

"When I first wrote to you I did not think I could live till I could get an answer to my letter," says Mrs. Isaac S. Harris, of Gayville, Yankton Co., S. Dak. "At that time I did not tell you everything. When I wrote you I had just got home from the Hospital at Minneapolis, Minn. Had been there one month. Could not see as I was benefited any there, so I came home, thinking there was no help for me, and every one here said that I could not live. I would have sinking spells every day. Sometimes they would last an hour or more and I would be so weak it seemed almost impossible for me to breathe at all. Had night-sweats for three months, and my clothes would be just as wet as could be. Had uterine trouble also till I thought I would lose my mind: also had heart trouble so badly I did not know what to do. I suffered everything one could think of. We paid out so much money for doctoring, and there was nothing that did me any good till I consented to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I did not have any faith in these medicines at all, but I am only too glad to say that in three days after taking the medicine I could see a change for the better. In a week I could sit up and then I commenced the treatment for uterine trouble. In three weeks I was able to be around the house some. I have taken nearly twelve bottles of the medicine and still continue to take it. I am getting better right along, can ride or walk any place. I can never praise your medicine enough.

"The doctor here says that he never would have believed that your medicine could have done so much for any one if he had not seen what it has done for me. He also told me to keep on taking it, for *he* could not help me. I thank you a thousand times for your kind advice and for your medicine."

SAFE AND SURE.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is unrivaled as a safe and sure medicine for the cure of womanly diseases. It establishes regularity, dries unhealthy drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It is the best preparative for motherhood, giving vigor to the body and buoyancy to the mind. It so strengthens the organs of maternity that it makes the baby's advent practically painless. As a tonic for nursing mothers it has no equal. It increases the nutritive secretions and strengthens and nourishes both child and mother.

Weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription." There is nothing "just as good" for weak and sickly women.

A WONDERFUL BOOK.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is a wonderful book, condensing as it does into 1008 large pages a mass of medical and hygienic information invaluable to every woman. It is especially wonderful in that it is sent *free* to any woman on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in cloth binding, or 21 stamps for the book in paper-covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Storms and Signs.

Coles says that the April predictions that great electrical storms and blizzards would sweep over the states came only too true, as millions of dollars worth of property was destroyed during the month. The greatest danger from storm periods during this month will occur between the 1st and 5th; 6th and 10th; 13th and 16th; 17th and 22nd; 23rd and 27th, and during the last 3 days sudden disturbances are liable to occur. The greatest event of the month will occur on the 18th when a total eclipse of the sun will take place. (Invisible in America.) All eclipse of the sun is caused by the moon passing between the sun and earth which causes the shadow of the moon to fall upon the earth, therefore we should keep a watchful eye upon the "weather and finance" as unusual disturbances may be looked for about that time. The fever microbes and smallpox germs will keep up their record this month. Watch out for electric storms which will cause much damage, also destructive storms of rain and hail. Great conflagrations, accidents and dreadful crimes will surprise the people. There will be several awe-inspiring sunset scenes this month.

A Child Fatally Burned.

Hannah, the little four year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hawkins, of Morrisdale Mines, was buried Sunday. The little one's death, which occurred on Friday morning, was the result of having been badly burned on Thursday. With several other children, the little girl it seems, was playing with fire, when her dress ignited and was totally consumed before assistance could be rendered. The child was burned almost in a crisp, and suffered intense pain up until the time of her death which resulted fourteen hours after the sad misfortune occurred.

The parents, who are grief stricken over the calamity, have the sympathy of the community in which they live.

New Use for Paper.

Paper coffins are being manufactured by a Brooklyn firm as the result of an invention recently patented by a physician in the city of churches. The prepared paper stock can be worked into a variety of artistic designs and made as handsome as a casket of oak or rosewood.

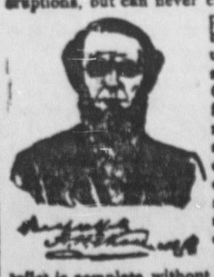
—Why should we spare the mosquitos? They begin on us first.

As a Food For the Skin.

To Make It Smooth, Healthy and Beautiful, Dr. Chase's Ointment Is Hailed by Thousands of Fair Women.

Every woman, no matter how beautiful her skin, finds need at times of some preparation to overcome the redness and roughness, and to cure the pimples, blackheads and skin irritations.

Powders may cover up the disfiguring eruptions, but can never cure them, and are positively injurious because they clog up the pores of the skin. Dr. Chase's Ointment is a food for the skin. It is readily absorbed, and thoroughly cures each and every skin disease, making the skin smooth, soft and clear.



No woman's toilet is complete without Dr. Chase's Ointment, for besides being the most perfect skin beautifier obtainable it can be used in a score of different ways. It absolutely cures eczema, salt rheum and the itching to which women are especially subject.

When the feet are sore and chafed with walking an application of Dr. Chase's Ointment takes out the smarting and allays the inflammation in a surprisingly short time. Then for burns, scalds and every sort of chafing, irritation or eruption of the skin Dr. Chase's Ointment affords a safe and certain cure. It has come to be indispensable in scores of thousands of homes in the United States; 50 cent a box, at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty ...3.	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 36	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	..... Boynton	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	..... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Phillipsburg..	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	..... Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	... Blue Ball.....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton....	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	....Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	..... Leonard	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	.....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 58	5 40	.....	Montandon	9 15	4 58
1 45	6 35	.....	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	.....	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	.....	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	.....	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	.....	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	....	Paddy Mountain..	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	.....	Rising Spring ...	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	.....	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	...	...Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	.....	Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....	Oak Hall.....	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	.....	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....	Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 56	.....	Axemann..	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	.....	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
425	12 48	9 34	..... Curtin	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	..... Milesburg	9 40	1 55	8 43
4 44	1 05	9 55	..... Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.... Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	..... Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	..... Martha	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 26	..Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	..... Hannah	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	..... Fowler	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	..... Dix	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle....	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	..... Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	..... Tyrone	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accom. 1†	5	Exp. *3			Mail. *2	Exp. †4	EASTWARD. Bellf Ac 6†
a m	p m	a m	Lv	Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte		8 50	2 40	6 1
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville		8 40	225	6 3
f638	f4 25	f10 42	Morris		f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f643	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer		f8 35	f2 17	f6 28
f646	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters		f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f650	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore		f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f655	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly		f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle		8 20	1 55	6 10
f703	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn		f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f712	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine		f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College		8 00	1 30	5 45
f727	f5 05	f11 24	Struble		f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f731	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40			f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35			5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penns R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10'01	6 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 55	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 22	5 20

—Mr. F. D. Arnold, Ia., writes.- He was troubled with kidney disease about three years. Had to get up several times during the night but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a complete cure, he feels better than he ever did and recommends it to his friends. All Druggists.

REDUCED TO ASHES.

Business Section of Jacksonville, Florida, Swept by Flames.

TWENTY BLOCKS CONSUMED.

Wind Was Blowing a Gale and the Flames Thus Got a Start Which Soon Carried Them Beyond Control of Firemen.

FIVE NEGROES BURNED TO DEATH.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 4.—At 12:45 p. m. yesterday Jacksonville experienced the most disastrous fire of her experience. The buildings on the entire length of Beaver street from Davis street to the creek on Liberty street have been totally destroyed. This is 14 solid blocks of residences completely. For the same distance Ashley and Church streets have been completely burned out. When the fire reached Bridge street in its eastward course it developed in flames 3 blocks—Duval, Monroe and the north side of Adams—burning up that entire section of the city and running 14 blocks to the Duval street bridge. How much further in that direction the city is burned it is impossible to learn, the street being impassible, but it is feared that St. Luke's hospital was burned, a report reaching the city that the Presbyterian church in east Jacksonville is ablaze.

When the fire reached Julia street it was a roaring furnace, without any prospects of being put under control. The local militia companies were called out to keep back the crowds and the fire department began to use dynamite to blow up the houses a block from the fire and thus prevent the flames from spreading. So fierce was the blaze, however, and so strong had become the wind that millions of sparks and flying, burning shingles spread over 6 or 7 blocks, setting the roofs of the houses on fire in advance of the department. Soon Senator Taliaferro's residence and then the adjoining houses on that block were ablaze.

Desperate efforts were made to save the Windsor and St. James hotels, but both were soon burned. For about an hour the guests in the Windsor had been busily packing their trunks and went away loaded with trunks and gripe, some unfortunately, to the United States hotel, but most of them to the riverside.

Leaping madly across the street from the Windsor, the flames set fire to Seill's house and then the Methodist parsonage. A few minutes later the Trinity Methodist church was a mass of flames. The opera house block followed and the Richardson and Livingston boarding houses. A desperate effort was made to save the Baldwin mansion, which was recently purchased by the Elks for $18,000. No earthly power could save this building, and that entire block and the one west of it were quickly a mass of flames. Once the fire got started on Main street the closely adjoining building went one after the other. Paint shops, with barrels of oil in stock, were plentiful in this district, and as they caught fire one after the other blazes rose hundreds of feet high and quickly set the other buildings across the street on fire.

Then the Hubbard hardware store caught and the people scattered when they saw what had happened. Hundreds of pounds of powder and a great deal of dynamite was stored in this building. Ten minutes passed, when suddenly there was a roar and the building collapsed like an egg shell. The dynamite and the powder had exploded. The firemen at this time were working in great danger. Cartridges began to explode and bullets began to fly around, so the effort to fight the fire at this point for a time had to be abandoned.

This was only the start of the most intense part of the fire. The new Furchott building was soon ablaze and soon the Gardiner building was also a mass of flames. Down the street the fire spread with rapidity and in a short time the entire section of Bay street from Market to Main street, and extending for seven blocks back, was burning all at once. The city building went, the fire department buildings, the postoffice, the criminal court house, the city jail and the graded schools and Catholic church and, St. John's Episcopal church. Almost the entire city of many buildings was burned up in less than four hours. The scene was one that beggars description.

At 8:30 p. m. the fire was checked at the intersection at Laurel and Bay streets, where the Commercial bank is located and which went up in flames. The Western Union building is just across the street and was not damaged.

Five Negroes are reported lost in the conflagration.

The loss of property is between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000.

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REVOLUTIONARY PENSIONERS.

Names of Four Widows of Soldiers Still on the Rolls.

Only 4 widows of soldiers who fought in the American Revolution now remain on Uncle Sam's pension roll. One of these Mrs. Rebecca Mayo, lives in Virginia.

She is the oldest of the surviving widows of the Revolution, and was 89 years of age. Her husband, whom she married in 1830, being then a girl of 18, was called Stephen Mayo. He first saw the light in Virginia in 1758, and enlisted in the Virginia continentals in 1776. At the battles of Brandywine and Germantown he was present, but he was not wounded, being reserved for peaceful demise in Nov. 1842. His widow dwells in the town of Newburn, Va.

Hardly less interesting than the widows are the daughters of the Revolution—a few women, only 7 of them, who draw pensions from Uncle Sam because their fathers fought in the war for independence.

One of these, Anna Mercer Slaughter, who now dwells at Mitchell Station, Culpepper county, Va., was the youngest daughter of Philip Slaughter, and was born in 1808, being at the present time 93 years old. Her father was the first officer in the colony of Virginia to respond to the call for troops issued by the patriots who met in the Williamsburg assembly, and his company marched into the town flying the famous flag with a coiled rattlesnake and the significant motto, "Don't Tread On Me!" After serving a year the gallant soldier was promoted to a lieutenancy, and served in Capt. Gabriel Long's company of riflemen, under Col. Dan Morgan. He was promoted to the rank of captain in 1778, and served through the war.

The famous flag, with the inscription above quoted, is now in the museum at Alexandria, Va. It is recorded that the uniform of the regiment was a brown linen hunting suit, the shirt being marked with the words, "Liberty or Death" worked in large white letters on the breast. A bucktail in the hat and a leather belt, with tomahawk and scalping knife, completed the costume.

Philip Slaughter came to know that governments are not always ungrateful. He received $2 400 in commutation pay, $6,577 interest on the same, 300 acres in United States bounty land, valued at $375; 4,000 acres of Virginia bounty land, worth $1,250, and 14 years' pension at $40 a month, representing $6,720, a total of $17,302. His daughter, who has been blind and helpless for a number of years, receives a stipend of $30 a month.

The Great Scourge

of modern times is consumption. Many cures and discoveries from time to time are published but Foley's Honey and Tar does truthfully claim to cure all cases in the early stages and always affords comfort and relief in the very worst cases. Take no substitutes. All Druggists.

Stop the Profanity.

Out of difference to a growing public sentiment the public of the various cities are devoting more attention than formerly to the suppression of profanity. Swearing is a habit easily acquired and hard to cast off. Many men, and some women, swear unconsciously, without realizing the offense; and the young, quick to imitate their elders, follow the bad example. However, if one stops to consider the matter, it is the boisterous, loud and annoying manner of the swearer that offends the public taste. It is not so much what is said as the manner in which it is said, that annoys. The movement, therefore, is not so much a crusade against sin arising to enforce public order. No man has a right to make himself offensive to his fellows, even in pursuit of the most laudible object. The man who annoys the public is a public nuisance. It is the loud man, evidently, that is to be brought to conform the reasonable rules for public order, and profanity is merely incidental to loudness and vulgarity.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
All druggists.

—A mounted moosehead was shipped to Frank Trump at Jersey Shore Thursday. The animal was shot by Mr. Trump several months ago in the forests of Maine. When killed the animal weighed over 1,500 pounds.

—Townsend Moran, of Philipsburg, will locate in Buffalo, where he has accepted a good position with the American Express company.

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CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Held its Quarterly Conference at Newberry Last Week.

The quarterly conference of the Christian church for the district composed of Lycoming, Clinton, Centre, Jefferson and Blair counties convened in the Second Church of Christ, Newberry, Thursday evening.

The meeting was opened Thursday evening by Rev. George Zeigler, the pastor, and sermon was delivered by Rev. A. R. Miller, of Lock Haven.

The convention opened Friday morning with devotional services, led by the Rev. H. J. Lunger, of Lungerville; at 10, the president's address and business meeting was held; at 11 o'clock the sermon was delivered by E. Manley, of Altoona. At 2.15 p. m., devotional services, led by Rev. L. Maxwell, of Williamsport; at 2:30 symposium on holy spirit, Rev. M. C. Frick, of Blanchard; at 7:30 p. m, devotional service, Elmer Ditmar, of Williamsport; at 8 p. m., sermon by Rev. M. S. Blair, of Big Run.

Saturday, at 9 o'clock, devotional services by Rev. L. O. Newcomer, of Canton, at 10:15 a. m., "The Model Sunday School" (a) The model superintendent, by E. Ditmar, (b) The model teacher, T. F. Carskadden; (c) The model pupil, Rev. H. J. Lunger; (d) Sunday School libraries, Rev. L. O. Newcomer; at 11 a. m., sermon by Rev. M. C. Frick, of Blanchard; an 2:15 p. m., devotional services by Rev. C. A. Brady, followed by business meeting; at 3. p. m., sermon by Rev. C. H. Frick, of Mill Hall; at 7:80 p. m., devotional services by C. H. Frick, 8 p. m., sermon by Rev. L. O. Newcomer.

Sunday, 10:30 a. m., sermon by Rev. L. Maxwell; at 8:30 p. m., sermon by Rev. J. M. Appleman, of Covington. This is the first meeting of the quarterly conference in Newberry.

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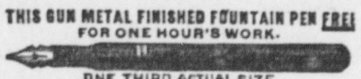

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

AN anxious inquirer wants to know how much of his recently-acquired million dollars ex-Senator Pettigrew is willing to contribute to buy diamonds for Aguinaldo.

AN Englishman who went to a minstrel show in New York the other night, so the story goes, had to be carried home in a fit. The minstrel jokes were too much for him.

BRITAIN says that nothing will move it out of South Africa. A wit remarks that he shouldn't be surprised if the expense should budget, all the same. Do you grasp his meaning? It is a good 'un.

GOVERNOR STANLEY, of Kansas, offered a reward for triplets born in his State. In a few months eighteen sets turned up. This, remarks an exchange, shows the effect of a bounty in stimulating production.

MR. BRYAN says he may not again be a Democratic candidate. Doesn't he mean merely that he may not be the Democratic nominee? If he does we opine that his thinking machine is doing him good service.

A GERMAN has discovered a method of making glucose from sawdust, and as glucose is an adulterant used in almost all kinds of candy we may be soon eating sawdust. Doesn't this strike you as a reasonable inference?

WE read that there are ten blind physicians practicing medicine in the United States. This really surprised us for we rather imagined, judging from the mortality record, their number was beyond calculation.

No other President of the United States within the experience of the present generation of voters has had such evenly distributed support, regardless of sectional geographical lines, as was given to Mr. McKinley in 1900. His greatest gains, compared with 1896, were on the Pacific coast—19,000 in California. In Utah the McKinley vote increased from 13,000 to 47,000; in Colorado from 26,000 to 93,000; in Montana from 10,000 to 25,000; in Idaho from 6,000 to 27,000, and in Washington from 39,000 to 57,000.—X.

MILLIONS FOR DEFENSE.

Statistics from the United States Treasury department give the total revenue yielded by the war revenue act from June 13, 1898, when the act became operative, to March 31, 1901, at $289,504,447. The revenue was returned under separate items, as follows:

Schedule A (documentary stamp taxes)	$101,503,175
Schedule B (proprietary medicines, etc.	13,235,224
Beer	91,614,357
Special taxes	14,052,001
Tobacco	43,682,530
Snuff	2,493,581
Cigars	8,558,993
Cigarettes	3,636,605
Legacies	7,247,503
Excise tax	2,481,397
Mixed flour	20,974
Additional taxes on tobacco and beer	979,102

"THE TWO COLONELS"—A FARCE.

Colonels Quay and Guffey having failed to come to an agreement respecting ballot law amendment, it becomes the duty of the honest members of the Legislature, irrespective of political affiliation, to vote for an honest measure such as the Guffey bill in its original form, and if it be defeated, the public will know precisely where to place the responsibility. During the late campaign Mr. Quay voluntarily agreed to support any fair bill of manifest ballot reform that should be satisfactory to Mr. Gufley, the Democratic leader. The latter opened up negotiations, but slow progress was made, and finally the high contracting parties have agreed to disagree, as was foreseen from the beginning by every intelligent observer. The Guffey bill, introduced by Representative Ikeler, of Columbia, provided for the abolishment of the party circle and party column, the grouping of the names of candidates under the official title, assistance in marking the ballot only to persons making oath that they actually require such aid, and the restriction to three persons as the number that might be aided by one voter's assistant. Not without protest from some of the machine leaders, Mr. Quay agreed to dispense with the party circle, while Mr. Guffey conceded the retention of the party column; but they failed to accord on the subject of aid to voters in marking the ballot, the machine declining to require an affidavit from such voters or to limit the number of persons that one individual might aid.

Why should the machine be so solicitous about affording assistance to voters even when they may not require it? Is it an admission that illiteracy is a Republican failing, or that the Republican majority is promoted by corruption or coercion? It is probable that the motive is the desire to supervise the ballot so that precinct leaders may exercise an espionage over voters. In numerous divisions of this city it is the common practice for party workers to force their services upon the voters while in the booths and dictate the marking of ballots. Such voters do not ask for assistance, do not require it, in fact, but are coerced and intimidated in the interest of the machine ticket.

Genuine reform of the ballot will never be granted by the present State organization. The existing law is only a travesty of the Australian system, and attempts to reform it have been repeatedly thwarted by the ring-ridden Senate. The Guffey bill, like the Bedford bill, provides for an honest and secret ballot, and places every voter, Republican, Democrat or Independent, on the same plane. The party circle puts the Independent at a disadvantage, as the greater length of time he takes to mark his ballot advertises his independence. The party column is open to the same objection, only in a lessened degree. No fair man who favors honest, secret and conscientious voting has any reason to find fault with the abolition of the party column and party circle or the provision of safeguards against the unnecessary intrusion of witnesses in the voting booth.

It is time to end the farcical proceedings at Harrisburg connected with the ballot question. Let a vote be had on the Guffey bill without delay, so that those legislators who want an honest ballot may be separated in the public mind from those legislators who want a dishonest ballot.—Public Ledger.

MONTAGUE WHITE, the Boer agent in this country, is the authority for the statement that Oom Paul Kruger, the President of the Transvaal republic, will visit the United States in October. This will give Congressman Sulzer, of New York, and Hon. Web. Davis an opportunity to make a personal explanation about that fund for the Boer widows and orphans.

THERE are said to be twenty-three states that will resist the annexation of Cuba for personal reasons arising out of the competition of Cuban products with home products. This objection, however, might have been urged against any and all parts of the present Union.

GOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Gold naturally is of primary popular interest, states Frank L. Strong, in the "Engineering Magazine" for May. During the year of the Spanish-American war, writes Mr. Strong, I met many members of the Colorado volunteers who came here—to the Philippines—intending to remain after their terms of service expired and search for gold. They were expert miners and many did remain. Hundreds of others have come from the States and elsewhere on the same errand. While the insurrection greatly limits their field of search, our local newspapers teem with their wonderful discoveries. I meet many personally, am shown small vials of virgin ore, specimens of quartz of great richness, and hear old, old stories so familiar in the States.

From the friars, who have lived for years in the interior; from old residents, who know it all; from Spanish Government records and other sources—I am surfeited with gold talk. Possibly I am over-conservative, but I have seen and heard of nothing yet to make my pulse beat one stroke faster. Gold can easily be obtained from the natives. One of the mines most famous in past years is found to yield an industrious native about five cents' worth a day. As he cannot eat or smoke it, it accumulates on his hands, until by several months' labor he gets an amount which will fill a tiny bottle half full. This is the gold my prospecting friend buys and exhibits as his "find." There are many such celebrated mines shown in the Spanish records.

According to Mr. Strong's views, based upon investigation and observation conducted in the Philippines, the existence of the much heralded gold fields in our distant possessions is but a delusion and a snare. Just the same there is a widespread belief that gold, and vast quantities of it, is there awaiting discovery and despite Mr. Strong's contrary opinion, supported as it presumably is by reliable knowledge, there will be the usual army of adventurous Americans ready to develop the mineral resources of the islands when internal conditions there admit of an uninterrupted search for the precious metal.

CIRCUMSTANCES WHEN KNOWN WILL JUSTIFY THEIR COURSE.

The missionaries in China who have been so widely attacked and with such harsh criticism, for their action in coercing the Chinese into the payment of indemnities for losses sustained, personal and to the mission property under their supervision, as a result of the Boxer insurrection, have found a staunch and ready champion in United States Minister Conger, who is quoted as having said in a recent interview: "There were really no acts on the part of the missionaries that will not be entirely justified when the circumstances are known. The missionaries did not loot. * * * The winter was coming on and measures of some kind were imperative, and the appropriation of property for the ends in view (the care of the destitute Chinese converts) was unquestionably justified."

This declaration of Minister Conger will no doubt have the effect of disabusing the public mind of any and all erroneous impressions created through the misrepresentations of an anti-missionary element who falsely accused and shamefully maligned the Christian missionaries. Minister Conger was with the missionaries in China and he knows whereof he speaks.

EX-SENATOR DAVID B. HILL has again withdrawn from the Presidential race. He probably believes that the early worm is likely to be gobbled up by the birds. Perhaps this may have also influenced Mr. Bryan in his statement he is not likely to make another effort for the Presidency.

WE have been wondering if Mr. Bryan has remembered to place Aguinaldo's name on the "free list" of the "Commoner." Mr. Bryan thinks lots of Aggie and has publicly lamented the collapse of Aggie's scheme to rule in the Philippines.

WILL HE BE A MAN OR A PUPPET?

The time is fast approaching when Senator Quay will have to step to the front and declare who, from among the batch of machine aspirants, shall be the Republican nominee for State Treasurer. There is a fine array of machine talent in the field, lined up as it were, awaiting the decree of the Old Man, who, in the language of Larry B. Eyre and his Chester county marionettes, is "the greatest product of American statesmanship."

In our opinion, which we think to be one held by thousands of Pennsylvania citizens, we believe it will be a difficult matter, indeed we may say an impossible task, to select from among those whose names are mentioned in connection with the treasuryship one who is entitled to the honorable post, qualified for it or who would be the choice of the Republicans of the State if the question of preference was submitted to them. In view of the fact, however, that for years past, merit, except from the basis of machine service, qualification or party preference have not been considered in the selection of a Republican candidate for State Treasurer, it is reasonable to assume that the choice of the Republican State convention this year, as in the past, will be a matter merely of machine political expediency as conceived by Senator Quay and his henchmen.

It must be confessed, however, that in several instances during Quay's dictatorship his selection of a State Treasurer did have the good fortune to prove an efficient and capable officer whose service merited and received the approbation of the public, but these infrequent instances were the result of accident and not of design. If Senator Quay's decision is confined to the number of State Treasurer possibilities already declared to be after the plum, it is a settled fact that he will be deprived of the chance of making another accidental choice of a good and acceptable official.

It is impossible to make a silk purse out of a sow's ear and it is just as impossible to select a worthy and capable State Treasurer from among the coterie now in the race for the Republican nomination. It goes without saying that the Republican nominee for State Treasurer will be a machine partisan but it is to be hoped that he will be a man whose identification with the Quay forces has not been of a character that has made him an object of public contempt.

HEALTH OF FARM ANIMALS.

From the Pennsylvania State Veterinary Medical Association comes a circular which is primarily a plea for a continued appropriation for the live stock sanitary board, and accompanying statements show that the request is not without justice. The proposed appropriation of $6,000 a year, a slight increase over the average sum available during the past five years, is small enough when the work done is considered.

The association produces figures to show that the live stock of the State is injured $6,000,000 annually by diseases that might be prevented, without saying anything of the evils inflicted upon the human race by the contagion of such animal diseases as anthrax, tuberculosis, etc. Several of the serious diseases of animals have been repressed to such an extent by the work of the sanitary board that those diseases may be said to scarcely exist any more within the confines of the State. Tuberculosis is steadily becoming of less frequence in Pennsylvania, and the health of the milk-producing herds is constantly improving.

Were the board doing no more than improving the milk supply of the State it would earn the money that is provided for its needs. Doing infinitely more than that should establish its claim beyond dispute. Pennsylvania is behind some of the smaller States in the liberality with which appropriations are provided for the public health—a condition that ought to be remedied.

WHAT may be called the correspondence stage of the Philippine rebellion has begun. Aguinaldo is learning to use the typewriter.

FOREIGN COLONIES IN AMERICA.

The colonization of Germans and Italians in some parts of South America arouses more or less apprehension as to the intent of the old world governments regarding this side of the Atlantic. Germany is settling rapidly in Brazil and acquiring the industries of that republic. It is hard to believe that any serious grounds exist for alarm. Germany settled large colonies in the territory of the United States. So did Great Britain, Ireland, France, Spain and every other European nation of importance. There is no uneasiness in this country on that account. It must be remembered that the German-American is not an American-German. No more loyal citizens of the United States can be found than those who have come from the throne-burdened monarchies of Europe. The story of the Civil war showed well enough how the adopted citizen stands for the flag.

It would be a blessing to civilization if enough thrifty Germans could settle in Brazil to influence affairs in that country. What Brazil needs is energy, intelligence and thrift. The German supplies all three. He would make of Brazil a great nation, and it may be depended upon that he would keep the government a republic. To help him if he should falter is the Monroe doctrine, a doctrine established when this Nation was a handful, and which can be maintained now that it is foremost among the powers of the globe. The German may love the fatherland, but he loves liberty better. South America is a country of possibilities. With aggressive German blood to develop the resources of South America the United States would find in the markets of that continent a mine of wealth.

GRANT'S MILITARY CAREER AN INSPIRATION.

There is a significance in the letter of General Grant, dated at Savannah, Ga., March 29, 1862, and quoted in the menu of the recent anniversary dinner of the Grant Monument Association, says the "Public Ledger." Writing to his wife, the distinguished soldier said:

"I never allowed a word of contradiction to go out from my headquarters. You need not fear but what I will come out triumphantly. I am pulling no wires, as political Generals do, to advance myself. I have no future ambition. My object is to carry on my part of this war successfully, and I am perfectly willing that others may make all the glory they can out of it."

In all of the intrigue and counterplot of the War of the Rebellion, continues the "Ledger," Grant played no underhand part. The honors that came to him were deserved. At each step in his path of progress he won his spurs. There have been political generals since Grant's day, as there were then, but fame judges all military heroes at their worth, irrespective of extraneous attempts to add to their laurels. Grant's simple and unpretentious methods were followed by most remarkable achievements. His military career is an inspiration to the American soldier.

A UNIQUE LOCAL OPTION ENACTMENT.

The Tennessee Legislature recently enacted a law that has far-reaching possibilities as to the extension of prohibition in that State. An old Tennessee license law forbids the sale of intoxicants within four miles of any school house, except in incorporated towns of over 2,000 population. The new law permits towns of 6,000 inhabitants or less to surrender their charters by a majority vote of the electors, and thus get rid of the saloon.

Both laws are operative as they do not conflict. The restrictive clauses of the old law are not annulled, the sale of liquor is regulated entirely by its provisions. The new law merely extends to the people living in incorporated towns of 6,000 or less population, where the sale of liquor is licensed without regard to the proximity of school houses as provided for under the old law, the privilege of voting for or against local option. If the majority of electors vote to surrender the town charter then the town comes within the prohibitory clause of the old law which forbids the sale of liquor within four miles of any school house.

It is a local option franchise pure and simple but attainable only by the sacrifice of municipal rights and authority, hence it is doubtful if any incorporated town in Tennessee whose population comes within the provisions of the new law will ever enjoy the blessings, or ills, if you please, of a local option under such conditions.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 8th, 1901.

No better evidence of executive ability can be shown than the smooth working of a great business establishment during the absence of its executive head. The government of the U. S. is one of the greatest, if not the greatest business establishment on earth, and although President McKinley, its executive head, and five of his chief assistants are on the other side of the continent, the business of the government in Washington is running as smoothly as a well regulated clock.

The Post Office Department is after some of the alleged oil companies, which are flooding the mails with alluringly worded circular letters, promising all sorts of extravagant profits on money invested in the stock of those alleged companies. To find the evidence to warrant issuing a fraud order against this class of schemes is difficult and slow, but the postal inspectors are old hands at that sort of work and expect to succeed. Meanwhile, those who had money to invest would better be very careful about how they put it into oil schemes conducted by men who are strangers to the.

A scheme that is being advertised in this country is thus exposed in a report to the Department of State, from L. W. Osborne, U. S. Consul General at Apia, Samoa: "I have, from time to time made investigations, and if there are any minerals-either gold, silver, mica, nickel, zinc tin or any other-in these islands, I have been unable to find them or to find any person who has any knowledge of the fact. If there is any 'Gold Mining Company, of Apia' (as reported in U. S. papers), the records do not disclose the fact, and the officials have no information on the subject. No steamers, schooners, or other vessels are engaged in transporting sand or ores to Sydney or to San Francisco, or elsewhere, no such persons as those named as constituting the 'gold mining company,' are known here, and, in my judgment, a tremendous swindle is being perpetrated, and the public ought to know the facts."

Surgeon J. F. Jones, who has just returned from the Philippines, brought a young Filipino—son of the Governor of Roliol, under the Spanish regime—about twenty years old with him, for the purpose of arranging to have him thoroughly educated in English. Dr. Jones thought some arrangement could be made with the War Department to pay the educational expenses of this young man out of the Philippine revenues, but after considering the matter in all its bearings, it was considered best not to establish such a precedent, and Dr. Jones will privately arrange for the young man's instruction in English. He is a good Spanish scholar.

When a man goes into a thing himself, his advice to others to do so carries additional weight. Mr. A. T. Gohen, recently mustered out of the army, after considerable service as an officer in the Philippines, is now in Washington, on his way back to the Islands, of which he said: "I became convinced that there are excellent opportunities in the Philippines for young men. It is to all intents and purposes a new country, and will be developed rapidly by the Americans in the next few years. Several San Francisco corporations have been organized to operate in the islands, and I have offers from certain of those corporations, one of which I have accepted. I must be back in the Philippines by July 31. The copper and gold mines in the islands offer excellent opportunities for Americans and American capital. The large reserves of timber likewise present a very attractive field for American enterprise."

The War Department hopes to be able to submit plans for legislation to Congress, at the next session, that will result in closer relations between the National Guard of the states and the general government, and in more clearly defining the status of the National Guard. At present the status of the National Guard is such that when a young man enlists therein, he can have no clear understanding of what his duties or responsibilities toward the national government are, who can order him out in time of war or where he may be ordered. It is by no means an easy problem, but the department hopes, with the co-operation of the officers of the National Guard, to reach a solution that will be satisfactory enough to be approved by Congress. It is desired that the National Guard shall be an auxiliary of the regular army, which can at once be put in the field when there is necessity therefor, without the delays which occurred at the beginning of the war with Spain.

HEALTHY WOMEN.

Mary J. Kennedy, manager of Armour & Co.'s Exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb., writes the following of Peruna, as a cure for that common phase of summer catarrh, known as indigestion. Miss Kennedy says:

"I found the continual change of diet incidental to eight years' traveling completely upset my digestive system. In consulting several physicians they decided I suffered with catarrh of the stomach.

"Their prescriptions did not seem to help me any, so, reading of the remarkable cures effected by the use of Peruna I decided to try it and soon found myself well repaid.

"I have now used Peruna for about three months and feel completely rejuvenated. I believe I am permanently cured, and do not hesitate to give unstinted praise to your great remedy, Peruna."

The causes of summer catarrh are first, chronic catarrh; second, derangements of the stomach and liver; third, impure blood.

Such being the case anyone who knows anything whatever about the operations of Peruna can understand why this remedy is a permanent cure for summer catarrh. It eradicates chronic catarrh from the system, invigorates the stomach and liver, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and therefore permanently cures by removing the cause,—a host of maladies peculiar to hot weather. The cause being removed the symptoms disappear of themselves.

"Summer Catarrh" sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

The Changing Years.

The Indianapolis Journal observes: "It is a significant evidence of the change that has taken place in public sentiment that the resolution providing for the decoration of the graves of confederate soldiers buried about the city received the unanimous vote of representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic and other military and civic organizations represented in the general Memorial Day committee. Ten years ago the mover of such a resolution would have received scant courtesy at the hands of any committee. This change is not due to any feeling of uncertainty as to the rightfulness of the union side; on the contrary such certainty was never so complete as now, but, the battle over and the victory secured, the full fruits of victory must be gathered in the bringing about of that perfect union of all sections which alone can make a people a nation."

Youthful Couple.

Venango county, furnishes an example of early matrimony which is fortunately rare. The groom, Arthur Milligan, has 14 years to his credit and his bride, Alice Snow, has seen 13 summers, or perhaps we should say winters. Their attachment began in a Forest county school house, where they studied from the same book, and learned to conjugate "love." The childish pair feared that their parents might frown upon their suggestion of an early marriage, and they were resolved in that case to elope. To their surprise no objection was offered, and the girl's father performed the ceremony. Whether he is crazy or a fool would present itself as an open question.

—The corner-stone for the new Eighth avenue Methodist church, of Altoona, of which Rev. T. S. Wilcox, is pastor, will be laid June 16th. Rev. Dr. D. S. Monroe, formerly of Bellefonte, will preach the sermon for the occasion.

TO DOUBT THIS.

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your own Senses.

It's Bellefonte proof for Bellefonte people.

It's local endorsation for local reader.

It will stand the most rigid investigation.

Mr. A. B. Steel of North Spring St. says: "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills in 1896 I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was so bad with lumbago or soreness across my kidneys that I had to play off work, I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all that suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no subetitute.

MEMORIAL DAY.

Order of Department Commander, Gen. Charles Miller, Concerning Ceremonies.

1. Two score years ago the reverberation of the first gun fired at Fort Sumter and the flag found its answer and echo. Scarce had the smoke risen in Charleston Harbor ere the shriek of the fife, the blast of the bugle and the rattle of the drum were heard on every hilltop, in every valley, in every town and in every city, north and west, where loyalty dwelt. The farmer boy left his plough, the apprentice dropped his hammer, the office clerk put aside his pen, the student closed his book, and forsaking the vocations and pursuits of daily life these patriotic boys donned the uniform of blue, grasped musket or saber and with unquivering voices sang "The Union Forever, Hurrah, Boys, Hurrah!" in answer to the defiant shouts of secession and disunion.

Four years of war, four years of deadly strife, four years of danger and suffering, four years of privations and of daring, four years of devotion to one country and one flag, four years of surging armies from the banks of the Susquehanna to the gulf-washed shores of the south, and from the surf of the Atlantic to far beyond the levees of the Mississippi, two great American armies fought inch by inch, foot by foot, the one for the perpetuity of the American Union, the other for its destruction!. During these four years the grand old emblem of our National unity was kept to the breeze by the willing hands and strong hearts of the flower of our loyal young manhood and of our patriotic youth.

Strewn on the ocean's bottom, down deep in the gulfs and bays, in the swamps and in the fields, under the magnolias and beneath the drooping willows, below the waving grain and wild flowers, in the plain village churchyard and in the monument marked cemeteries of the cities, from the rock-bound coast of Maine to the shallow waters of the bayous of Louisiana, from the beaches and bluffs of the majestic Atlantic to and beyond the great mountains, where the imperial Pacific leaves the western shores of our country—under the sod and beneath the sea—here are sleeping hundreds of thousands of those comrades of ours, who with us shared their pleasures and helped us endure our privations.

To these comrades with whom we touched elbows in days of war, we pay our loving tribute; with sweet flowers, with sacred song and with streaming flags we will visit the silent cities of the dead and give praise to God that He had given such men, as were these comrades of ours, for that great struggle for free America.

II. Very many of our Posts bring other organizations to join with them in the sacred services of the occasion, and it is urged that this be made universal. Church congregations, school children, military and semi military bodies and civic associations will be found glad to aid in paying tribute to America's dead heroes.

III. In the Grand Army of the Republic May 30th, is Memorial Day and should be referred to by no other title. "Decoration Day" is applied to May 30th, by those who advertise and use it for frolicking or sporting purposes. Comrades and their friends, all the people and the newspapers are solicited to refer to the day only as Memorial Day.

IV. All Posts will arrange for divine service on Sunday, May 26th and on this day the Posts should attend in uniform and in as large numbers as possible. Churches of every denomination and belief, pastor and congregations of every creed will give hearty welcome. Arrangements can be made with pastors for sermons and services especially adapted to the spirit of patriotism, in which can be recited what the war meant for universal freedom and extended Christianity.

Crushed Body Flung Into Creek.

A fatal wreck occurred on the Buffalo Susquehanna railroad, near Galeton, Saturday night. A freight train collided with a logging engine while running at a high rate of speed. John Yohn, a boy was on the former and was crushed to death and his body thrown into Pine creek and floated away. Both engines and ten cars were demolished.

—The great stack, over 200 feet high, which surrounds the power plant of the Pennsylvania railroad's new union station at Pittsburg, has been completed. The structure, without the stone coping stands 253 feet high, towering forty feet above the new station. The bricks for the stack were specially made, and the cost of its erection has been about $30,000.

—An extraordinary demand is being made on the post office department for the new Pan-American issue of postage stamps. The requisitions for this issue are aggregating between five and six millions of stamps a day.

—Judge Archibald of the new federal court of Pennsylvania appointed W. E. Gray Esq., of Bellefonte, referee in bankruptcy for counties of Centre and Clinton in the recently created middle district.

—Governor Stone has approved the bill permitting school boards to establish and maintain kindergartens for children from 3 to 6 years of age.

SUPPOSE—

Suppose the fish don't bite at fust,
What be yew goin' to dew?
Chuck down yewr pole, throw out yewr bait.
An' say yewr fishin's threw?
Uv course yew hain't; yew'r goin' tur fish
An' fish an' fish an' wait
Until you've ketched yewr basket full,
An' used up all ye

Suppose success don't come at fust,
What be ye goin' tur dew?
Throw up the sponge an' kick yewrself
An go ter feelin' blew?
Uv course yew haint; yew're goin' tew fish
An' bait an' bait again:
Bimeby success will bite yewr hook,
An' you will pull him in.—Ex.

Blair County Boy in Ireland.

Earl Tipton, a well known printer of Altoona, left that place about two years ago, saying he was going to see some of the world before he returned to his home. He journeyed to Connecticut and New York, working at his trade. In the latter place he accumulated enough money to pay his passage across the ocean. Finding more or less employment in England, he visited the principal cities of that country, then went to the Paris exposition last summer, where he found plenty to do. Returning to England, he made his way to Ireland, and there he has fallen in with a rosy-cheeked lass, whom he is going to marry and bring to Altoona just as soon as he has stuck enough type to pay their passage in style.

Great Men and Their Origin.

Cardinal Wookey was the son of a pork butcher.

Oliver Cromwell was the son of a London brewer.

Whitefield was the son of an inn-keeper at Gloucester.

Columbus was the son of a weaver and a weaver himself.

John Jacob Astor once sold apples in the streets of New York.

Bolivar was a druggist.

Mehemet Ali was a barber.

Virgil was the son of a potter.

Milton was the son of a scavenger.

Horace was the son of a shopkeeper.

Demosthenes was the son of a cutler.

Robert Burns was a plowman of Ayrshire.

Shakespeare was the son of a wool stapler.—Anonymous

Governor Stone Takes Action.

HARRISBURG, May 4.—Governor Stone has vetoed the resolution providing for the appointment of nine commissioners to draft and report to the legislature of 1903 a general corporation law to take the place of the act of 1874 and its supplements. The governor says it would result in confusion.

He also vetoed a bill providing a pension of $12 a month for Philip L. Bassing, a former member of the National Guard.

The bill authorizing boroughs to provide a supply of water for public use either by the erection of water works or by contract with persons or corporations authorized to supply water within the limits of said borough, or by both methods, was approved.

—New York harbor is to be defended by the most formidable gun in the world. It is being manufactured at Waterliet gun factory and is nearly completed. It is 49 feet 3 inches long and weighs 130 tons. The bore is 16 inches. Its estimated range in 21 miles.

—Of all the notaries public in this county comparatively few observe the new law that went into effect on April 4; which requires every notary public to write the date of the expiration of his commission on every document on which he places his seal.

—Jerry Miller, of Centre Hall, a journeyman barber who was employed in this place at one time by Frank Sasserman, has opened a shop of his own at DuBois, Pa., and will shortly move his family from Centre Hall to that place.

—The contract for furnishing 1,200 loaves of bread daily for the men on the double track between Lock Haven and Keating has been given to Meisel & Gilliland, Renovo.

—The new Petersburg branch railroad was opened to traffic Tuesday night. The first freight passed over the road hauling 80 empty cars for Clover Creek stone quarries.

REDUCED RATES TO FREDERICK, MD.

Via. Pennsylvania Railroad. Account Centennial Celebration Church of the United Brethren in Christ.

The Centennial Celebration of the Church of the United Brethren in Christ will be held at Frederick, Md., May 10 to 15, 1901. For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Frederick on May 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14, good to return until May 15, inclusive, from all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad Division, Overbrook to Pittsburg, inclusive, except the Schuylkill Division and Frazer Branch; all stations on the Baltimore Division of the Northern Central Railway, Baltimore to Harrisburg, inclusive, and all stations on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, Darby to Quantico, inclusive, including all stations on the Delaware Division, at rate of single fare for the round trip (minimum rate, 25 cents).

PRECIOUS STONES.

The Methods by Which They Are Tested by Experts.

In a lecture on precious stones recently delivered before the Industrial association of Berlin, Dr. Immanuel Friedlaender said that the testing of diamonds is comparatively simple. The common test for hardness suffices. If the stone resists strong attacks, it is certain to be genuine; if it does not, the damage is insignificant, as only an imitation has been destroyed. This test, however, is doubtful with rubies. If a ruby can be affected by a steel file or by quartz, it is surely not genuine, but such a test with a topaz is liable to injure a valuable stone.

The test for hardness is of no avail with emeralds, as this stone is not much harder than quartz and in addition possesses the quality of cracking easily.

For examining rubies and emeralds the optical test is best. A glass magnifying about 100 times suffices. Every expert knows that almost all precious stones have little flaws. Nearly every ruby and all emeralds have many defects, which are so characteristic that the genuineness of the stones is readily established. Such a test is very necessary with rubies, because the imitations are very deceiving. Their color is absolutely durable and often much finer than that of the genuine, although it may be stated that a somewhat yellowish tint is always suspicious.

The only reliable way in which genuine rubies can be told from imitations is by the minute air bubbles of the latter, which become clearly visible under the magnifying glass. These are not to be found in the natural gem. On the other hand, the imitations lack certain defects characteristic of genuine rubies—certain vacuums, whose outlines are much more indistinct than those of the air bubbles in imitations.

True emeralds have similar characteristic defects, such as inclosures of liquids and curious dendrites. Sapphires also show peculiar netlike formations.

SOUTHERN MOUNTAINEERS.

The Part They Played In the War Between the States.

It is odd to think that the southern mountaineer was not discovered until the outbreak of the civil war, although he was nearly a century old then, and it is really startling to realize that when one speaks of the southern mountaineers he speaks of nearly 3,000,000 people who live in eight southern states—Virginia and Alabama and the southern states between—and occupy a region equal in area to the combined areas of Ohio and Pennsylvania, as big, say, as the German empire, and richer, perhaps, in timber and mineral deposits than any other region of similar extent in the world. This region was and is an unknown land. It has been aptly called Appalachian America, and the work of discovery is yet going on.

The American mountaineer was discovered, I say, at the beginning of the war, when the Confederate leaders were counting on the presumption that Mason and Dixon's line was the dividing line between the north and south and formed, therefore, the plan of marching an army from Wheeling to some point on the lakes and thus dissevering the north at one blow. The plan seemed so feasible that it is said to have materially aided the sale of Confederate bonds in England, but when Captain Garnett, a West Point graduate, started to carry it out he got no farther than Harpers Ferry. When he struck the mountains, he struck enemies who shot at his men from ambush, cut down bridges before him, carried the news of his march to the Federals, and Garnett himself fell with a bullet from a mountaineer's squirrel rifle at Harpers Ferry.—Scribner's Magazine.

The Honorable Board.

Sam Rawson occasionally said a good thing, and one of these occasions chanced to be the town meeting. The people of Sam's village could not understand how the money appropriated for the roads had vanished with such poor results.

A stretch of road running past Sam's house was in notoriously poor condition, although Sam declared that he had paid liberally to have it put in good order, and there was general interest when Sam rose to make his statement before the selectmen.

"I'd just like to say one thing," he drawled, heedless of the fact that he had interrupted an indignant neighbor. "I don't want to make any fuss, but I'd just like to ask the honorable board of highwaymen"—

That was as far as he could get. A roar of laughter swept over the town meeting and showed its effects in the red faces of the "highwaymen."—Youth's Companion.

There is a youngster in Girard college who combines the poetic instinct with a keen sense of humor. He is not a close student—in fact, he regards books as instruments of torture. One of the professors picked up a textbook belonging to him the other day and found on the fly leaf this bit of verse, which no doubt expressed the student's opinion of it:

Should there be another flood,
For refuge hither fly,
And should the whole world be submerged
This book would still be dry.

—Philadelphia Record.

"My son," said the family man, "is anxious to become a pugilist. I'm doing my best to prevent him."

"Let him go ahead," said the friend of the family, "and have some one pound him. You'll find a pound of cure worth more than an ounce of prevention."—Philadelphia Record.

THE DEER'S HORNS.

They Present all the Phenomena of Animal and Vegetable Growth.

Why and how is the deer so peculiarly unlike any other of the bovine race, the horn differing so materially from all the horned cattle in its composition, growth, maturity and decline? It presents all the phenomena of animal and vegetable growth. It sprouts from the brain without any prolongation of the frontal bone. It rises and breaks through the sinews and takes root on the bone, growing the same as a vegetable. It is nourished by and secretes albumen upon the surface and disposes of the fibrine the same as an animal.

It is clothed with a skin and hairy coat very different from that on the rest of the body. This covering and hair possess a property unknown in other animal bodies—that of being a styptic to stanch its own blood when wounded. It carries marks of the age on the buck by putting out an extra branch each year, which shows an additional power each year to produce them. And this power does not exist in the female. So this difference is more distinctly marked than in any other class of animals. Again, the horn possesses properties unknown in any other animal matter. It is entirely inodorous, capable of resisting putrefaction and almost impervious to the effects of the atmosphere.

And still water at 300 degrees F. will dissolve these horns readily, even though they are not soluble in alcohol and resist the action of acids and alkalies. It is the only vegeto animal substance that we know of that does not perpetuate itself by procreation.

The male and the female are sustained by the same nutrition and elements, and the male only produces horns. This phenomenon is quite as much of a curiosity as the absence of the horn in the buck after shedding.

The Dramatic In Life.

The undying interest which is taken in the theater is explained by the very profound line with which Shakespeare began a very silly speech, "All the world's a stage." People as a rule take no interest in anything that is not dramatically (or, as in the case of politics, melodramatically) formulated. Any creed to be popular must be dramatically stated. Therefore the gospels are preferred to the epistles. Æsop's fables are remembered because they are the truth about things stated dramatically and morally.—F. G. Bernard Shaw.

Ancient Castle, Curious Clock.

Rushen Castle, Castletown, Isle of Man, is the ancient seat of kings and lords of Man. The castle is a veritable curiosity, both historically and otherwise. The first mention of it dates to year 1257. The clock seen in the castle wall was presented by Queen Elizabeth in 1597. It has only one hand on the dial; this is the hour hand. The minutes are judged by the position of the hand between the hours. The works of this clock are also a curiosity. The weight at the end of the pendulum is a large stone, and it is driven by a rope coiled around a cylinder of wood, with another stone at the end of the rope. The clock is still going after 303 years' service and is still the town clock.—*Jewelers' Circular.*

—A joint caucus of Democratic senators and members was held at Harrisburg, Tuesday night, at which a committee was appointed to go before the senate and house congressional apportionment committee and demand that a bill be drafted which gives the Democrats eight sure districts. The committee is composed of Senators Wentz, of Montgomery; Heinle, of Centre, and Cochrane of Lycoming and Representatives Ikeler of Columbia, Meyers, of Cumberland, and Wilson, of Crawford.

—The Central Penna. Lutheran league will hold its annual session in St. John's English Lutheran church, Lock Haven, the second week in June. Delegations from the leagues in all the counties of central Pennsylvania, numbering 100, will be in attendance. The session will continue two days.

—The Voorhees bill to submit to a vote of the people at the November election a proposition to remove the State capitol to Philadelphia, passed second reading in the House of Representatives on Tuesday by a vote of 110 to 47. The bill will be taken up today for final passage.

—The Philadelphia Times has been sold to Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the New York Times. According to a statement made by the new purchaser, the Times will remain in the Democratic column, but Bryanism will be eliminated and pure Democracy substituted.

WEBSTER DAVIS, of pro-Boer fame, has purchased a Missouri mule farm. It is to be hoped that he will not sell his mules to the British for export to South Africa.

OF course, the government is crumbling. It may even be asserted that the present Administration will not last longer than March 4, 1905.

—Governor Stone sent to the Senate Tuesday the nomination of Joseph G. Rosengarten, of Philadelphia, to be a member of the free library commission to serve until Jan. 3, 1904, vice C. L. Magee, deceased.

—Three hundred and twenty-five miles in a day is the record for a sailing ship and five hundred and sixty for a steamer.

CLEARFIELD CO. PARADISE.

A Hamlet Where the Payment of Taxes is Almost Unknown.

There is a borough in Clearfield county known as Droutsville that is said to be a veritable paradise at least so far as paying taxes is concerned. Droutsville has been a borough for 7 years and for 6 years of that period not a mill of borough taxes has been levied. The first year a small assessment was levied and today the borough owes but $20. The DuBois Courier says, this state of affairs is due mainly to economy in keeping up public improvements, and the rest of it is due to the Brooks liquor license law. The revenues for license have met all borough expenses lacking $20 for six years, and there is a chance that they will for six more years, unless a set of men get into the borough office who care less for expenses than those who are serving now.

—Among the bills passed by the House Tuesday, was one authorizing County Commissioners to erect or complete and maintain a monument at the seat of each county in memory of the soldiers and sailors of the late war, so as to authorize commissioners to pay debts already contracted for and about the erection and maintenance of such a monument and for work done and material furnished.

COME AND GO

In many forms

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Lumbago
Sciatica

make up a large part of human suffering. They come suddenly, but they go promptly by the use of

St. Jacobs Oil

which is a certain sure cure.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphan's Court for the county of Centre.

In the matter of the estate of Matthew F. Riddle, late of Spring township, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor, appointed by the Orphans Court of Centre County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Annie S. Riddle, Administratrix &c. of Matthew F. Riddle Dec'd. to and among those legally entitled thereto will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment on Friday, May 24th 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. at his office No. 11 East High street, Bellefonte Pa., when and where all parties interested are required to make and prove their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

S. KLINE WOODRING
Auditor.

REAL ESTATE,

Loan And Title Co.

Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President.
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
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A UNIQUE SENTENCE.

THE NOVEL PENALTY A JUDGE IMPOSED UPON TWO MEN.

Both Prisoners Were Condemned to Jail Until One of Them, a College Graduate, Taught the Other How to Read and Write.

Along in the seventies the late Judge Arnold Krekel was holding court at Jefferson City, relates an old timer, when there appeared before him two men charged and indicted for a violation of the United States laws, one of whom will be called Brown. He was charged with cutting timber on the public domain. Brown was about 40 years old and had been reared on the border in Arkansas and never had any opportunities for schooling, hence was unable to read or write. In his endeavors to get a living he had cut timber suitable for making ax handles on United States lands, which led to his arrest and imprisonment. The other man will be called Jones, for the real name of both men are not known in the memory of any one who witnessed the incident.

Jones was charged with and indicted for having sold liquor to the Indians. Mr. Jones was a native of New York, a graduate of Union college and was educated for a lawyer. He possessed a highly cultured mind, a good Latinist and thoroughly scholarly in all sorts of books. Not succeeding in his profession in his native state, more from lack of application than otherwise, he left that country and plunged into the great west and located nobody knew where, but he drifted into the lower strata of society, and to obtain the necessaries of life he resorted to "bootlegging" among the red men of the Indian Territory border. His arrest and imprisonment followed.

The two men were arraigned before Judge Krekel and the indictments read. They both pleaded guilty and threw themselves upon the mercy of the court. The court questioned both prisoners at length and drew from each his history. He recounted the wrongs they had been guilty of against society. He did this in a kindly tone and manner, suggesting in a mild form that both might have been useful members of some community had they sought honorable means and methods to secure a livelihood.

The court seemed puzzled how to assess a punishment that would meet the ends of justice and protect the government, its lands, its wards and society. Finally, sitting upright in his chair, looking over his glasses as both men stood before him, in a voice little louder and more positive than usual he said:

"Mr. Brown, it is the sentence of the court that you be confined in the Cole county jail until you are educated to read and write." The judge then turned his eyes upon the other prisoner at the bar and, possibly in a louder voice, said, "Mr. Jones, it is the sentence of the court that you be confined in the Cole county jail until you have taught Mr. Brown to read and write, and I enjoin upon the keeper of the jail to afford you every facility possible with the safe keeping of his prisoners."

The lawyers and spectators in court looked with astonishment at each other as the sentence was concluded, and the marshal led the prisoners out of the courtroom.

It was the second term of the court after this incident when the marshal conducted Brown and Jones into court, and it was announced by the court that Brown had completed his education—ready to graduate—able to read and write. Judge Krekel looked over his glasses and asked that the prisoner give him an evidence of his being able to read. Brown stood up and read a few paragraphs from a newspaper to the satisfaction of the court, when he said, "Mr. Clerk, will you let him sit at a table and write me a letter?"

Paper, pen, ink and a seat were furnished Brown, who went to work to write a letter to the court. For some time the poor fellow struggled with the task, and in the meantime Jones was very nervous, fearing he would be compelled to go back to jail and "take up school" again. Finally the clerk said, "May it please your honor, the prisoner can write, but cannot form sentences to make it intelligible."

"Mr. Clerk," said the court, not taking his eyes from the court docket he was looking at, "you will dictate a letter for him and see what headway he makes with that." The clerk dictated a letter that the prisoner wrote quite readily, which subsequently was passed up to the court, who read the same, and after giving the prisoners a short lecture both were discharged and walked from the courtroom free men. —Jefferson City Tribune.

Fish That Change Color.

It has been found that certain prawns, common along the coasts of England, change their color at least twice every 24 hours in order to harmonize with the stronger or weaker light prevailing near the surface or in the deeper water. As evening approaches these fish lose their distinctive day colors, and all assume a transparent azure hue. The change begins with a reddish glow, followed by a green tinge which gradually melts into blue. The day and night change has become so habitual that specimens kept in perpetual light or perpetual darkness nevertheless undergo the periodic alteration of color.

Dietary Repartee.

"I think," said A. Bronson Alcott in one of his conversations, "when a man lives on beef, he becomes something like an ox. If he eats mutton, he becomes sheepish, and if he feeds upon pork may he not become swinish?"

"That may be," said Dr. Walker, "but when a man lives on nothing but vegetables I think he is apt to be pretty small potatoes."

WASP STINGS.

People Who Have Died From the Effects of Them.

In an article on the stings of wasps a British medical journal cites the two following cases which have come under its notice: A strong, healthy girl of 27 was stung on the neck by a wasp and fainted. On regaining consciousness she complained of a general feeling of numbness and partial blindness and vomited. She suffered severe abdominal pain. She recovered in the course of a few hours. Two months later she was stung again, this time on the hand. Her face became flushed, she again complained of numbness and blindness, suddenly became very pale, fainted and died 25 minutes after she was stung.

Another case was that of a girl of 22 years, who was stung by a wasp behind the angle of the jaw. The sting was at once extracted and ammonia applied. In a few minutes she complained of faintness and would have fallen if she had not been supported. Her face assumed an expression of great anxiety, and a few minutes later she was tossing on the bed ,complaining of a horrible feeling of choking and of agonizing pain in the chest and abdomen. Brandy gave no relief. There was nausea, but no vomiting. She rapidly became insensible and died 15 minutes after receiving the sting. The most probable explanation of such cases seems to lie in what is known as idiosyncrasy—that is, abnormal sensitiveness in particular individuals to certain toxic agents. It is well known that drugs vary much in action on different people. What is a safe dose for one is dangerously large for another. The inability of some people to eat strawberries or shellfish is another instance of the same phenomenon. The active agent of bee stings is generally believed to be formic acid. It therefore seems very desirable that we should have more accurate information regarding the action of this drug on different species of the lower animals and through them on man himself.—Chicago Chronicle.

KNEW THE NOON HOUR.

A Pair of Horses That Stopped When the Whistles Blew.

A pair of intelligent horses attracted the attention of a large crowd on Nassau street at noon one day last week. They were attached to a heavily loaded ice wagon coming down the steep grade between Cedar street and Maiden lane and were holding back the wagon with a noticeable effort. When they were half way down, the whistles blew for 12 o'clock. Suddenly the horses drew in toward the curb and began to plant their hind feet well forward to stop the wagon.

The driver made no effort to check them, and their hard work at once attracted notice. Pedestrians looked at the horses and then at the driver, who had a broad grin on his face. By hard work the wagon was stopped. The driver sat still and watched his animals. One of them immediately began rubbing his head against the neck of the other and with nods and pushes succeeded in rubbing his bridle off. Then the other horse took his turn at rubbing, and his bridle came off.

Fully 200 persons had watched this, and when it was completed the driver got down from his seat and swung a bag of oats over the nose of each animal. They stood there and ate their midday meal. The driver was patient and proud of his team. He petted them and talked to them and when they were through drove off whistling.

"Talk about the laboring man dropping his shovel at the sound of the noon whistle," said one man—"that beats anything I ever saw. No one hereafter need try to convince me of the intelligence of the horse. That ice wagon team settles it."—New York Sun.

Roguish Ravens.

The raven of southern Europe is a bold fellow—not unlike his cousin, the crow. Some notices of the bird, given by an English traveler in Corsica, offer amusing proof of this.

A youth whom I employed to carry my camera could never look on ravens with any equanimity, for he had suffered much from their thievish impudence when sent to the bush to gather firewood.

On one occasion he lost his dinner, a loaf of bread wrapped in a napkin, although he was working close to the spot where he had laid it and had turned his back for only a minute.

But the most unpardonable insult he had ever received happened on a day when he was out gathering wood. As he was stooping down to bind a bundle of fagots a raven suddenly swooped from behind, lifted the cap from his head and flew away with it to a lofty crag, from which she uttered croaks of triumph.

The cap was subsequently seen lined with straw and serving for a nest.

A Chiropodist's Advice.

A chiropodist advises that foot comfort is much enhanced if all callous places on the feet are made perfectly smooth. This can be done easily and the feet kept in excellent condition by using a fine pumice stone every morning after the bath. The pumice stone should, of course, be wet, and if rubbed daily over the points on the feet that have hardened or shown a tendency to harden the places can be made and kept smooth. After a corn has been removed, too, a light rubbing daily of the place where it has been will often prevent its return.

Not Satisfactory.

"No," said the doctor, "I haven't voted yet, and I am not going to vote. I am not feeling well today. Isn't that a valid excuse?"

"Not at all," responded the professor severely; "that's an invalid excuse."—Chicago Tribune.

QUAINT WAYS IN RIO.

TO DISPUTE A BILL IS TO MAKE ONESELF AN OUTCAST.

The Brazilian Capital Is the Easiest Place In the World to Get Credit and the Hardest Place In Which to Dodge a Debt.

"Rio is the easiest city in the world to get credit in," said a New Orleans man who lived for awhile at the Brazilian capital, "but it's the worst place in the world in which to dodge a debt. All business there is done on the semi-annual account system, and you can get anything you want and have it charged without difficulty, but the end of every six months is settlement day, and if you are not on hand with the cash—well, I'll give you a little experience of my own to show you what happens.

"I went to the city as the representative of a well known American house, and at the outset I was surprised to find that it was practically impossible for me to pay for anything. 'Don't bother about that, senhor,' the storekeeper would say. 'I will make an account of it.' Of course my American friends soon explained the system to me, and, while I didn't like it, I thought best to conform to the custom of the country without rendering myself disagreeable by kicking.

"About two months after my arrival I went to a native shoemaker's one day, ordered a pair of English riding boots, and, as I had been used to wearing ready made footgear, I mentioned, incidentally, that my number was 8½. The shoemaker gravely made a note of the fact and promised to send around the boots as soon as they were done. Several weeks elapsed, when, one morning, a porter came staggering into the office almost buried under an enormous load of English top boots. To be exact, he had 17. I was thunderstruck, but as he could give me no explanation except that they were mine I rushed immediately to the shop, where the proprietor received me blandly and insisted that he had merely sent what I had ordered. 'You said that you desired them to the number of eight and a half,' he added, 'and I accordingly made you eight pairs and one boot, a right, which, if you desire, I will exchange for a left.' 'But, good heavens,' I protested, 'you ought to have known there was some mistake! Why on earth should I order half a pair of boots?' He shrugged his shoulders. 'That was not for me to inquire,' he said.

"I realized that the fatal reputation for eccentricity which Americans enjoy the world over was partly responsible for the muddle. Still it was an inexcusably stupid blunder, and, after vainly arguing for an hour, I put him on notice that I would only accept one pair. When I returned, I sent back the other 15 and considered the incident closed. I heard no more about it, in fact, until exactly six months later, when I received a bill for 8½ pairs of riding boots at $15 each—total, $127.50 gold—and a polite notification that 7½ pairs awaited my pleasure at the shop.

"That made me furious. I sent the man my check for $15 and told his messenger to sue me and be hanged. But he didn't sue me. They have a much more effective method down there.

"Within a week every tradesman with whom I did business advised me courteously that he had closed my account—meaning that my future custom was not desired. Moreover, the foreign colony all gave me the cold shoulder, and when I dropped in at the club the frost was something awful.

"At last I sent for a particular friend. 'Look here,' I said, 'I want you to tell me frankly why I am getting this taboo.' 'Because you haven't paid for your boots,' he replied. 'But this is monstrous!' said I. 'You know very well that I never ordered 8½ pairs of boots. 'Of course not,' said he, 'but you'd best pay for 'em all the same. It ruins a man here,' he went on to explain, 'if he allows any bill to pass settlement day. No explanation is permitted, and everybody joins in cutting him. It seems hard, but we have to do it to sustain this credit system. If we didn't, we'd all be ruined by bad accounts.'

"I groaned in spirit, but I sent the shoemaker $112.50 and told him to let me have the rest of my boots. I was so mad I could have worn out the whole 17 on his anatomy, but I preserved my outward calm and was promptly reinstated socially and financially throughout the town. Later on I used seven pairs of boots as Christmas presents to friends and gave the one odd one to a one legged beggar on the plaza."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Unappreciated Efforts.

Unselfish goodness is seldom appreciated in this world of ours. There was that man in the electric car, for instance. Having rung up three fares in his efforts to stop the car for the lady that sat on the opposite side, he tossed after her the umbrella that belonged to the little gray whiskered man on his right. Neither the gray whiskered man nor the conductor liked the thoughtful Samaritan for his altruistic efforts.—Boston Transcript.

Accepted.

"I am a self made man," said the pompous individual, with his chest expanded.

The other looked at him critically.

"Your excuse is satisfactory," he said.—Brooklyn Life.

Before 50 the most healthful occupation is that of the clergyman. The doctors and the lawyers are close together. After 50 years, according to the figures, it is more healthful to practice medicine or the law than it is to preach.

UNDEFINED.

Who can define love? Not the little child
Who lifts his soft eyes from his mother's knee,
Fulfilled with innocent tranquillity,
Nor that poor knight who went where Venus smiled
And strove, by after suffering beguiled,
To sing the meaning of its mystery;
Nor can he tell whom love hath crowned or he
From very pain of love undone made wild.
Not the wan nun who at the white Christ's feet
Offers the world as one poor sacrifice
Nor the sad tide that follows where the sweet,
Swift moon allures it from the circling skies.
Nay, not from time or joy or suffering
Is knowledge brought that we may know this thing.
—Theodosia Pickering Garrison in "Brown Book of Boston."

SNAKE, EGGS AND A JUG.

A Moccasin's Appetite and Lack of Sense Led to His Death.

A party of Jacksonville mechanics were at work on the Matanzas river raising a sunken dredgeboat. They lived on board of the big lighter on which they worked in a small house on the deck. One noon their bill of fare was somewhat strengthened by some wild turkey eggs which had been found by some of the party while hunting on shore. After the hungry engineers had destroyed a heavy dinner they left their dining room and returned to work. The doors and windows were all open, and the cook did not clear off the table for some time.

In this interval a large water moccasin of near six feet crawled on board the lighter and wriggled into the dining room through the open door. In his prospecting tour he climbed the table leg, and here, with a snake's fondness for eggs, he went in for a feast. One of the turkey eggs lay alone by a plate, and the rest were in a dish on the other side of the table. In the center stood a large water jug, and right here the wily serpent slipped up. After swallowing the lonesome egg, he started for the main supper and in his artless manner crawled through the handle of the jug. It was a rather tight fit, and he had to stop about half way through on account of the egg, which enlarged him somewhat. So, stretching forward, he bolted another egg and thereby fastened himself.

On each side of the jug handle was an egg on his inside, and he could move neither backward nor forward, practically riveted in position. He was soon found in this peculiar situation by the cook, who speedily killed him.

The reporter was shown the skin of the snake with a crease still in the middle from the tremendous pressure, and he was also permitted to gaze on the jug whose handle proved so fatal. —Florida Times-Union and Citizen.

What Is a "Lich Gate?"

A lich gate is a shed, generally of oak, over the entrance of a churchyard, beneath which the bearers paused when bringing a body for interment.

Here the clergyman met the body and read the introductory part of the burial service as he preceded the funeral train into the church. Examples of old lich gates are still to be seen in many country churchyards. In Wales they are more modern and are usually built of stone.

Some of the old lich gates are formed with one wide door turning on a central pivot and self closing by means of a rude pulley wheel in the roof and a stone weight inclosed in an iron frame, a primitive but effective piece of machinery.

In Herefordshire they are also called "scallage," or "scallenge gates." "Lich gate" is derived from the Anglo-Saxon lich, a corpse; hence the north country "lyke wake."—London Answers.

A Feast.

An old darky who lives in the thickets across the river came to Memphis one day to get his pension check cashed. After receiving his money, which amounted to $11, the old ex-slave sauntered down Front street to a produce house and bought three crates of cabbages. When they were delivered at the wharf late that afternoon, the old man was there and received them with a mouth watering in anticipation of the good time ahead.

"Whut yer gwine ter do wid dem cabbages?" inquired the negro drayman who delivered them.

"Eat 'em," was the quick response. "I'ze bin free 40 years, and dis is de first time I'ze had de money to buy 'nuff cabbage. I'ze gwine ter eat cabbage till I furgit de way ter my mouf."—Memphis Scimitar.

The Immensity of Space.

A photographic plate exposed to the heavens in a large telescope for any considerable length of time shows nothing but a continuous blur of light, indicating that the photographic eye sees beyond the reach of human vision such a multitude of suns that every part of space is filled. One may gain some inkling of the immensity of space by supposing the photographic plate exposed upon the remotest star it now records and looking out still farther to find the heavens still crowded with millions of millions of suns, each possibly having its quota of planets.

The Retort Courteous.

"No, I have nothing for you," said the housekeeper sternly. "And don't you come here after dinner again."

"Beg pardon, lady," replied Hungry Hawkes, "but I didn't suppose you'd have dinner over dis early in de day. You ain't very stylish, are you?"—Philadelphia Press.

No More Whispers.

"It is a great drawback to be getting deaf."

"Yes, it is; people quit telling you secrets."—Chicago Herald.

Nearly every Chinaman can read, but 90 per cent of the women are entirely uneducated.

In British India only 9½ per cent of the population live in cities.

CENTRALIZATION OF SCHOOLS.

Under the Myers Law the Schools of a District May be Centralized.

The Meyers school bill became a law last week by the governor affixing his signature. Under that act the schools of any district may be centralized, graded and conducted similar to the schools of large towns and cities. The law provides for the transportation to and from the central school house of all scholars, and gives country districts an opportunity to inaugurate a school system such as they are entitled to.

A similar law has been in force in other states for several years, and the results have proven most satisfactory. The cost of maintaining a central school is but a trifle above the cost of supporting a number of district schools and in some instances even less. Many country schools are kept open the required length of the school term with an average attendance of but ten to fifteen pupils. If centrally located, the same instructor could teach four to five times the number of scholars.

The law is not compulsory, but where it is feasible and put into operation the measure will be found to greatly aid education in country districts.

The Township High School law passed several years ago did not provide for transportation, and only effected scholars who had reached a certain grade. The Myers law provides for the centralization of all scholars of school age.

In order to make the law operative a petition must be signed by at least one-half of the voters in the township, who must represent at least one-fourth the assessed valuation of the township; the question must then be submitted to a vote at a spring election.

Wouldn't Stand Any Foolishness.

NYACK, N. Y., May 4.—Norman Hemingway, from Kansas City, who has been living in Rockland county for several months, was initiated in the lodge of Odd Fellows at Spring Valley Wednesday night. During part of the ceremony W. R. Sherwood, an officer of the lodge, acted in a stern manner and rushed toward Hemingway, intending it as a joke. Hemingway thought Sherwood was in earnest and pulled out a revolver and fired it. The powder burned Sherwood's face, but the bullet missed him. There was great excitement in the lodge and the incident broke up the meeting.

Foley's Kidney Cure
makes kidneys and bladder right.
All druggists.

Dreyfus' Own Story.

A powerful chapter from one of the most remarkable of recorded human experiences, appears in McClure's Magazine for May—Captain Alfred Dreyfus's Own Story of his arrest, degradation and transportation to Devil's Isle. To this story is added a portion of the Diary kept by Dreyfus on the island, for his wife, and referred to so often and so mysteriously in the Rennes trial, but never made public.

The book from which this remarkable document is taken, containing the story of Dreyfus's entire five years of suffering and imprisonment, is to be published by McClure, Phillips & Co. in May.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

—The bill, appropriating $1,000,000 to the public schools to make up the cut made by the governor two years ago, passed finally Wednesday.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
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—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

WATCH DOGS.

EVER ON THE ALERT-ALIVE TO EVERY FORM OF OPPRESSION—KEPT ON EDGE—BURDENED BEYOND ENDURANCE—NERVES GIVE OUT.

The machinery of a mill that grinds day and night has to shut down now and then for repairs. It is the same way with your nerves. Overwork, close application, our ways of living bring about nerve waste that sets up symptoms of various kinds. It may be failing strength, weakness, languor, headache, sleeplessness, etc. Whatever it is Nerve Force is lacking and the means of restoring rests with Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. A great many people vouch for this. Among them is Mrs. F. Morrison, of No. 342 E. Baldeagle St., Lock Haven, Pa., who says:

"For a long time I have been very much run down. I did not seem to have any strength to do anything. I could not sleep at night and suffered so much from headaches, my appetite was gone and I felt miserable. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and never before had anything do me so much good. I rested well—got stronger—felt well and gained in flesh and weight. I cannot speak too highly of them, they are all they are recommended to be."

By calling at Krumrine's drug store information can be obtained regarding this great success of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills and how they were first introduced by proof of their merit.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

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Low Rates to Washington and Baltimore via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The last ten-day Penna. railroad excursion of the season from Pittsburg and points in western Pennsylvania to Washington will be run on May 9. Round trip tickets will be sold at rates quoted below, good going on special train indicated, or on train No. 4, leaving Pittsburg at 8:30 p. m., and carrying through sleeping cars to Washington. Special train of through parlor cars and coaches will be run on the following schedule:

	Train leaves,		Rate.
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Bellefonte (via Tyrone)	9.53	"	8.25
Curwensville	9.10	"	9.00
Clearfield	9.28	"	9.00
Philipsburg	10 12	"	8.95
Osceola	10 23	"	8 85
Tyrone	12.03	P. M.	8.25
Washington....Arrive	7.15		

"f" Stops only on notice to agent.

Tickets will be good returning on any regular train except the Penna. Limited, until May 18, inclusive, and to stop off at Baltimore within limit.

Should the number of passengers not be sufficient to warrant the running of a special train, the company reserves the right to carry participants on regular train.

Tickets on sale in Pittsburg at Union ticket office, 360 Fifth avenue, and Union Station, and all stations mentioned above. For full information apply to agents or Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Fifth avenue and Smithfield St., Pittsburg.

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St. Nicholas Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.00	3.50
McClure's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.30	1.95
Frank Leslie's Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Munsey's Magazine, New York City	1.00	1.35	2.00
Success, New York City	1.00	1.10	1.75
Ledger Monthly, New York City	1.00	1.20	1.75
Puck, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Judge, New York City	5.00	5.00	5.50
Leslie's Weekly, New York City	4.00	4.00	4.50
Review of Reviews, New York City	2.50	2.50	3.15
Scribner's Magazine, New York City	3.00	3.50	3.90
American Agriculturist, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.	2.00	2.00	2.50
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn.	.50	1.00	1.50
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Address THE TRIBUNE, New-York City.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Alleged Shortage Reported.

There is a shortage of $5.000 in the accounts of R. G. Campbell, great finance keeper of the Order of Maccabees. An investigation will be made in a few days, when the great camp meets at Oil City. Friends of the official state that the greater portion of the alleged shortage is tied up in investments.

—Spring! Of course we have spring in this country. Didn't winter just make one into summer.

—London is to have an automobile fire engine. Of course, it is of a type invented and manufactured in the United States.

—A handsome stone wall has been built along the front of the yard of the residence of John P. Harris Sr., on Linn street. It greatly adds to the fine appearance of this beautiful home.

—Despondent because he was denied a liquor license, Frank Kronsieder, proprietor of the St. Charles Hotel at Altoona ended his life Wednesday night by blowing out his brains.

—The first oil well struck in Texas sent a spout 200 feet into the air and wasted several hundred thousand barrels of oil before it could be plugged. No wonder the people there are oil wild.

—The Clearfield Republican county convention in June will have 167 delegates. It will require 84 votes to nominate in this convention and the candidate must now reason accordingly.

—The bill now before the Legislature requiring every can of fruit to have stamped upon the date of canning is a good one. It is well known that canned fruit, after several years, becomes poisonous and unpalatable.

—With the advent of the beautiful evenings of spring and summer there is a tendency on the part of many church members to absent themselves from the midweek prayer meeting and other church services. This ought not to be the case.

—Frank Neuer, the 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. David Neuer at Milton, fell off a raft in a pool at that place Wednesday evening and was drowned. The body was in the water 25 minutes before recovered and all efforts at resuscitation were without avail.

—Birth-marks that mark and mar the outside of the body are a grief to every mother whose children may bear them. But for every child who bears a birth-mark on the skin there are many who bear an indelible birth-mark on the mind. Nervous mothers have nervous children.and many a man and woman owes an irritable and despondent temperament to those days of dread when the mother waited the hour of her maternity. The use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription strengthens the mother for her trial. With strength comes a bouyancy of spirits and quietness of mind, which is one of the happiest gifts a mother can bestow on her offspring. By giving vigor and elasticity to the delicate womanly organs "Favorite Prescription" does away with the pain of maternity and makes the baby's advent as natural and as simple as the blossoming of a flower. There is no opium, cocaine or other narcotic contained in "Favorite Prescription."

Held for Trial.

Tuesday night Edmunds, the young man who was shot in the mix up with the tramps at Clearfield Saturday evening, was reported as showing signs of improvement, but his physicians still regard his condition as very uncertain, if not critical. Layton who was shot in the leg, is not dangerously wounded and is getting along right well.

The hoboes arrested were given a hearing Monday evening and three of them were recommitted to jail to await trial at court. The others were released.

The principals gave their names Francis Kennedy, of South Dakota, and William Collins, an Englishman having no residence in the country. Collins was identified as one of the parties who did the shooting.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes; "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills. which worked wonders for her health,, They always do. Try them. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Fifty Cases of Smallpox at Barbour's Mills, Lycoming County.

Over fifty cases of smallpox are raging at Barbour's Mills, a lumber village in the northeastern part of Lycoming county.

Dr. Richter, a representative of the state board of health, returned Wednesday from an official investigation. He has found that since the discovery of the first case several weeks ago there have been over a hundred cases, with prospects of many new ones.

Of the cases at Barbour's Mills, none are quarentined and many have walked along the highways before they were entirely well.

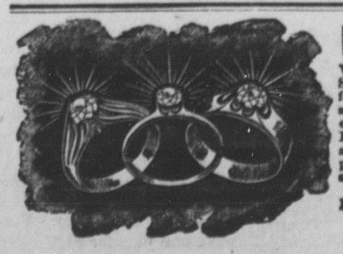
Tobacco Trade Improved.

Lancaster New Era: The past week presented quite a contrast to the condition of the market which prevailed the week before; the then dullness has been succeeded by considerable activity, which leads to the reasonable hope that the long continued dullness may be reaching its close, and that the better days, so long expected, may be near at hand, if not actually here.

—J., Fearon Mann, formerly of this place, and at one time owner of the old ax works at Axe Mann, has been appointed superintendent of the American Ax trusts factory at Reedsville, vice Frank E. Mann who resigned to build a large ax factory outside the trust at Yeagertown.

—It is said that two hundred and forty thousand dollars will be expended in building a round house and making tracks in the new yard of the N. Y. C. at Clearfield. There will be 38 tracks occupying all the ground vacant between the new brick works and the county home farm.

All efforts to induce artificial humidity in cotton spinning factories have failed.



FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.
Write to-day and get extra present FREE.
FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
820 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRESIDENT'S BIG DAY.

Southern Hospitality in Evidence at New Orleans.

VISITED SOUTHERN UNIVERSITY

An Institution for the Education of Colored Children—Also Went to the Place Where Louisiana Purchase Was Ratified.

SPECIAL STARTS FOR THE COAST

NEW ORLEANS, May 3.—President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Heard and Mayor Capdeville, and escorted by a mounted detachment of police and the Louisiana cavalry troop, left the St. Charles hotel at 9:20 after breakfasting in his apartments with Mrs. McKinley, and proceeded to the Southern university, a colored institution. He was enthusiastically received by the faculty and students.

As the president entered the grounds of the university he was welcomed with "Hail to the Chief," sung by a chorus of 1,000 school children and accompanied by the student orchestra. Brief addresses were made by George Alexis and Ernestine M. Theopile, pupils of the school. The president made a felicitous response in which he said to the negro children:

"I am glad to know that all over the south, where most of you dwell, the states have provided institutions of learning, where every boy and girl can prepare themselves for usefulness and honor under the government in which they live. The thing today is to be practical. What you want is to get education, and with it you want good character, and with these you want unfaltering industry, and if you have these three things you will have success anywhere and everywhere. God bless you."

Five thousand negroes attended the reception, among them the leading local members of the race.

From the Southern university the president was driven to the historic Cabildo facing Jackson square, where a multitude had gathered. It was within the Cabildo, in the row now occupied by the state supreme court, that the transfer was made of the Louisiana territory by France to Gov. Claiborne, the American commissioner of President Jefferson. The President was received yesterday by Governor Heard, the state officials and the members of the supreme court at noon, and was escorted to a seat on the right of Chief Justice Nicholls. President Alcee Fortier, of the Louisiana Historical society, was recognized by the chief justice and delivered an address on the historical associations of the Cabildo. The President made a brief reply, and an official record was made on the minutes of the visit of Mr. McKinley to the court.

Afterward the President spoke briefly from the balcony to a large assemblage in the streets. A national salute brought the ceremonies to a close.

President McKinley and his cabinet made their way with difficulty through the acres of people surrounding the Cabildo on their way back to their hotel. They drove through throngs of cheering people and the President's face was wreathed in smiles and he thanked unceasing demonstrators in his honor. After luncheon and a short rest the party including many of the ladies, was driven to the head of Canal street, where they boarded the big river steamer, City of St. Louis, for a trip along the river front.

At 6 o'clock the presidential special resumed its long journey to the Pacific coast. Houston, Texas, will be reached today.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believed him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Law Renders Bequests Void.

EASTON, Pa., May 3.—The late Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Porter bequeathed $13,000 to colleges and churches, but as the will is dated April 13, less than 30 days prior to the date of death, the bequests are void. He left $4,000 to Lafayette college for the care and increase of the herberium of that institution; $2,000 to Franklin and Marshall college for the care and increase of the herberium of that institution; $6,000 to Grace Reformed church, of College Hill, to be used towards the erection of a new house of worship.

—Cheer up girls, the new census will show that there are two million more men than women in the United States. There is a man for each of you. Go in and get him.

—The baker is about the only person who shouldn't eat all of the bread he kneads.

St. Vitus's

Dance, or chorea, is one of the most pitiable afflictions humanity is called on to endure. That this disease can be cured, however, is proven by the fact that it *has been cured* by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The tranquilizing effect upon the nerves exercised by this remarkable medicine is witnessed to by thousands who have found healing and strength in its use. It not only cures womanly diseases, but it promotes the health of the whole body. It is a nerve-feeding, strength-giving, sleep-inducing medicine. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol and is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics. It cannot disagree with the weakest or most delicate constitution.

"When our daughter Lizzie had St. Vitus's dance, I happened to get one of your small books and read it," writes Henry L. Miller, Esq., of 1016 North 7th St., Burlington, Iowa. "Among other things I found that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cured patients suffering from that trouble, so I went out and got a bottle. She was very bad at that time and could hardly talk. When I read about your medicine in that small book, I said to myself, with the help of God and that medicine we can cure our daughter. We did so. Four bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' cured her, and I did not have to take her to the doctor any more. She is well, thank God and the 'Favorite Prescription' for it."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

Colonel McClure Banqueted.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—The Clover club last night gave a banquet in commemoration of the retirement of Colonel Alexander K. McClure from active journalism after a busy career of fifty-five years.

Covers were laid for over 300 and the participants included soldiers and statesmen, writers and publishers, and others prominent in national, state and city life. Among them were Lieutenant General Nelson A. Miles, former Attorney General Judson Harmon, Murat Halstead, Felix Angus, Governor Stone, Justices Dean and Mitchell, of the Pennsylvania Supreme court, Attorney General Elkin, of Pennsylvania, Mayor Ashbridge and many other well known men.

There was much interest taken in the address by General Miles. Among other things he said: "No service is so great and good as that performed by the journalist. There is a far greater necessity today for a fine editorial writer than ever before. Whoever wields such a pen is mightier than he who wields the sword. Journalism is, and will continue to be, the greatest educator of which the 80,000,000 people of this great land can boast."

The address of Colonel McClure elaborated the same thought. There were numerous other speeches made, including one by Murat Halstead.

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed Bottles 50c and $1.00 at. F. Potts Green drug store.

Forest Fires in Somerset County.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 3.—One of the fiercest forest fires that ever swept over the mountains has been raging for the past two days and nights between Somerfield and Addison, in Somerset county, near the Fayette county line. Long strips of timbers and fences have been destroyed and a blackened waste marks the sweep of the fire across fields and woods.

By strong efforts the citizens succeeded in saving their home and buildings, though there were narrow escapes of both houses and human lives. Charles A. Mitchell, of Addison, was overcome by the dense smoke and was barely rescued alive.

Many sheep grazing in the pastures were burned. At night the county was so illuminated for miles around that people could read newspapers. The fire is under control.

Will Interest the Glass Men.

Indianapolis, May 3.—As the result of a national conference of window glass interests held here yesterday it was decided to close down nearly all factories in the United States on May 11 and to give all employes an advance in wages of 15 per cent. The conference was attended by representatives of all the co-operative glass factories in the country. Another meeting will be held today, at which details will be arranged and an effort made to secure the consent of some objecting co-operatives.

A Pleasant Duty.

"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. Jas. Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes. 50 cts.."—5 Sold by F Potts Green.

MAJOR ROBERT H. FORSTER.

Founder of the Centre Democrat Dies at Harrisburg.

Major Robert H. Forster, formerly of Bellefonte, but late of Harrisburg, died Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at his home, 1205 North Second street. Major Forster had been ill for sometime. He was in his seventy-third year but was a comparatively well preserved man. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

Robert H. Forster was born in Mifflinburg and his early life was spent in Union county. When a young man he clerked in Duncan's store at Millheim and later conducted and owned a store at Centre Mills, Centre county. He was also in the mercantile business in this place and in company with the late S. T. Shugert founded the *Centre Democrat*.

Major Forster had a distinguished military record being the hero of two wars. When the Mexican trouble broke out he went with the troops to Mexico and saw some of the hardest of the fighting in that hazardous campaign. He enlisted again when the Civil war required men for the defense of the flag, and was very active in the stirring times of the early sixties. He served as a major of the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers. During the Mexican war he received a bad wound in the side.

Of late years he has been in the employ of the state, holding an important clerkship in the department of Internal Affairs.

When a young man he taught school at Aaronsburg and there met Miss Joanna Ettinger, of that place, whom he married. She survives him with their two daughters, Lizzie who is a teacher in the Carlisle Indian School, and Maude at home. He was a brother-in-law of J. G. Kurtz of the old Centre Press, of this place.

Shudders At His Past.

"I recall now with horror," says Mail Carrier Burnett Mann of Levanna, O., "My three years of suffering from Kidney trouble. I was hardly ever free from dull aches or acute pains in my back. To stoop or lift mail sacks made me groan. I felt tired, worn out, about ready to give up, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but six bottles completely cured me and made me fell like a new man." They're unrivaled to regulate Stomach, Liver Kidneys and Bowels. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by. F. Potts green drug store Only 50 cents.

Declared a Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—The Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company Wednesday declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent. The previous dividend was 2½ per cent. and half per cent. extra. The formal announcement of the directors on the dividend question was given out by the secretary of the company as follows:

"The Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, at a meeting held this day, declared a semi annual dividend of 2½ per cent. upon the capital stock of the company, payable on and after the 31st of May, 1901, to the stockholders registered on the books of the company at the close of business on the 4th of May, 1901."

No other business was transacted at the meeting. The announcement that only a dividend of 2½ per cent. was declared was a disappointment to those who had expected that the increase of half per cent. allowed to stockholders six months ago would again be allotted Wednesday. It was explained by an official of the company that it is customary to consider the question of extra dividends only when the accounts for the year are made up. The Pennsylvania company's fiscal year ends with November.

A Bank Cashier Commits Suicide.

HARRISBURG, May 3.—Despondency over the murder of his friend, Cashier John W. Ryan, of the Halifax National bank, of Halifax, recently in an attempt to prevent Henry Rowe and Watson Keiper from robbing the bank, yesterday led John Kohler, cashier of the Millersburg National bank, of Millersburg, to take his own life by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. Mr. Kohler was 56 years of age and was one of the inspectors of the Dauphin county prison, which position Mr. Ryan also filled at the time of his death.

—On Wednesday evening Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, D. D. LL. D., Bishop of this diocese, delivered an eloquent sermon and conducted confirmation exercises in St. John's Episcopal church. The class was composed as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fleming, Mrs. Mollie Valentine, Mrs. Frank Gibbony, Magdalene Calloway, Stanley Valentine, Hassel Montgomery, Elizabeth Mewshaw and Gussie Merriman.

—The Forty-third regiment is scheduled for sailing from Manila on the 20th of May, and this definite information has put extra life into the committees appointed to arrange for the reception at Altoona of the members of the Forty-third who enlisted from that city. It is not likely they will reach Altoona before the 1st of July.

—Three car loads of Italians are now working on the double track for the New York Central road between Youngdale and Jersey Shore Junction. Burke Brothers have the contract. The double track between Linden ann Newberry and between Larrys Creek and Level Corners will be finished some time in September.

—When a girl doesn't care a fig for a fellow, she shouldn't make dates with him.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST — Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND — Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD — Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH — Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

For Pure Milk.

On the 19th instant Gov. Stone approved an act amending the pure milk law. The amendment is as follows: That if any person, firm or corporate body, by himself, herself or themselves, or by his, her or their agents or servants, shall offer for sale, expose for sale, sell, or have in possession with intent to sell, for human consumption, milk or cream to which has been added boracic acid salt, boracic acid, salicylate of soda, formaline, formaldelyde, sodium fluroide, sodium benzoate, or any other compound or substance for the purpose of preserving or coloring the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in the court of quarter sessions of the proper county shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not exceeding 60 days, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling

Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnews Ointment, Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blotches, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rashes during teething time. 35 cents a box.—4 Sold by F. Potts Green.

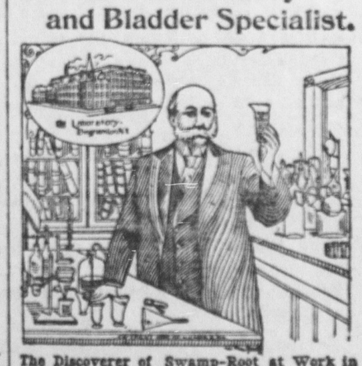
What China Will Have to Pay.

PARIS, May 3.—The foreign office has received a dispatch from Pekin announcing that M. Pichon, the French minister, presented Wednesday the report of the committee on indemnity. The amount China is to pay has been fixed at 1,365,000,000 francs. How it is proposed that the indemnity be distributed among the powers is not set forth, but as the dispatch does not mention the manner, it is thought the ministers are hopeful of being able to settle the proportion to be received by each power by discussion at Pekin.

Official advices received here from Pekin say the ministers are divided into two parties in the discussion to decide how China is to raise the indemnity. France, Germany, Russia and Japan agree to raise the custom duties.

—Earl Frazier has won the Philipsburg *Daily Journal's* scholarship contest for a free course of instruction in mechanical and architectural drawing at the International correspondence schools of Scranton. He had 9,143 votes as against 9,109 for Gus Rumberger, his nearest competitor.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication ublished unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—The Curb market will open Tuesday, May 14th.

—Ex-Judge A. O. Furst transacted legal business in Williamsport Friday.

—Letter Carrier John Bair is confined to his home on East Bishop street by illness.

—Screen doors and window screens are being brought out from their hiding places.

—Ringling Brothers' circus is touring the western part of this State but will not visit Bellefonte this season.

—Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroy them.

—Three of Snow Shoe's expert anglers on the first day of the season landed an aggregate of 30 pounds of trout.

—Miss Mame Shay, aged 19 years, of Cammel, fell out of bed Monday night, hit her head against a bureau and is dying.

—"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood,s Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

—W. T. Leathers, of Howard, a member of the Excelsior Roofing Company, is ill at his home in that place with a complication of diseases.

—Col. George A. Bayard has a force of men engaged in repairing the tar pavements of the McBride property on East Bishop street.

—A festival will be held in the U. B. church yard at Paradise, near Waddle station at Buffalo Run valley on the afternoon and evening of May 11. Proceeds for the benefit of the church.

—A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

—An Italian whose name we could not learn dropped dead Thursday evening while at work at the Bellefonte furnace. Heart disease was the cause of death. He leaves a wife and family in the old country.

—Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

—The letter carriers at the Bellefonte post-office have each received a new helmet for summer wear made of bamboo as a present from Postmaster Montgomery. They are very light and just the thing for the hot weather.

—The opera to be given by home talent entitled "Around the World with the Man in the Moon" will be played at the armory instead of the opera house as stated by us in a previous issue. The dates are the 15th and 16th of May.

—Rev. E. C. Houck, pastor of the Baptist church at Milesburg, will preach in the Presbyterian church at that place next Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock and in the Baptist church at 7:30 in the evening.

—Postmaster Montgomery wishes the public to know that the new issue of Pan-American stamps have been received and are now on sale at the Bellefonte post-office. They are of very pretty designs and are in denominations of 1, 2, 4, 5, 8 and 10 cents.

—Surely the fathers and mothers of Bellefonte or any other town, make a sad mistake by allowing their children to be on the streets at unreasonable hours of the night. Many young lives are blasted by this habit, which is a very common one in this place.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the Reformed church will hold a sociable at their parsonage on North Spring street tomorrow evening. During the evening there will be an old fashioned spelling Bee. All are cordially invited to attend and a general good time is assured to all who do so.

—The 47th Reg. U. S. Volunteers to which quite a number of Bellefonte boys belong will sail from Manila for San Francisco on the transport Ohio, May 25th. Other cities and towns are preparing to welcome their soldier boys, will Bellefonte do the same for her brave boys of the gallant 47th.

—The Coleville band gave their first public concert of the season on the streets of our town Friday evening. They were listened to by an immense crowd of people who voted the music fine. The boys made a splendid appearance in their handsome new uniforms. It is hoped we may have many more such concerts during the summer months.

—Rev. Geo. W. Miller, D. D., LL. D., will deliver a lecture in the M. E. church on the evening of May 17th, under the direction of the Epworth League. Dr. Miller was a former pastor of the Methodist church, of Bellefonte, and is a man of great ability. His remarks will be worth hearing. Don't fail to secure tickets for this interesting lecture, the subject of which is "Pluck." Admission 25 cents.

COUNCIL MEETING.

Barnhart Verdict and Costs Ordered Paid by the Council.

The Town council met Monday evening at 7.30 with the following members present: President, Geberich, Reynolds, Walkey, Derstine, Garrity, Cunningham, Whittaker and Potter.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Ben Shaffer offered to paint roof of Public building for $30.

Nelson Robb and G. W. Smith presented a petition for larger water pipes on East Bishop and East High streets signed by 40 citizens.

Petition was presented for a crossing across West High street from the Bush House to the Republican office.

Edmund Blanchard, burgess, reported the collecting of $6.40 fines during the past month.

Street Com. Shaughnessy reported collecting $7.00 for shoveling snow off pavements during the past winter.

The reports of the different standing committees elicited nothing of particular importance. A three inch water meter has been placed at the electric light house.

On the recommendation of Garrity seconded by Derstine the appointment of Harry Miller to the police force by Burgess Blanchard was confirmed.

Council passed a resolution endorsing the crusade against tramps instituted by the Philadelphia Inquirer and agreeing to co-operate with other towns and cities in the state in any feasible plan to abolish this enemy to society.

The request for a crossing on East High street was referred to street committee to investigate and report.

The report of the Finance committee was as follows:

Bal in hands of Trea. from loan April 1,	$430.07
Rec'd of Taylor Dup. 1899	500.00
" " Ray " 1898	75.00
" " Water rents	60.00
" " Shaughnessy St. Com.	7.00
	$1072.07
Boro Order paid $354.60	
Water " " 746.23	1100.83
Balance due Trea. May 6,	$ 28.76

The Finance committee offered the report of solicitor E. R, Chambers in the case of Fannie Barnhart versus Boro. of Bellefonte. The plaintiff secured a verdict for damages against the borough of $500. The court cut this verdict to $400. This with bill of costs made $511.43. The solicitor recommended the payment of same. It was so ordered by council.

Col. Reynolds' move seconded by Mr. Potter that an order be drawn in favor of the treasurer for $2,000 authorizing him to pay the bills which may come due between this and next meeting night.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

T. H. Harter, printing	25.00
Boro Auditors paid	95.00
A. Allison, pipes, etc	11.59
E. E. Ill Co. lights	1.70
R. B. Taylor, coal	211.90
Water Pay Roll	116.59
Bft. Fuel & Supply Co., coal for W. W	72.82
Police Pay Roll	52.25
A. Baum, hauling engines	10.00
R. B. Taylor, " "	10.00
" " coal for engines	2.48
E. E. Ill Co. lighting P. R	12.00
Bellefonte Gas Co. steam heat, P. B.	37.00
F. W. Crider, rent P. B	323.25
Street pay Roll	130.44
A Allison, terra cotta pipe	80
McCalmont & Co. sand	3.33
E. E. Ill Co. lighting streets	370.40
Barnhart verdict with costs	511.43
	$1297.89

Death of Herbert E. Bilger.

Herbert E. Bilger died at the home of his father, Dr. John Bilger, near Pleasant Gap, on Tuesday, April 30, after a lingering illness with consumption. Deceased was 30 years old and unmarried. He was a member of the Advent church and was popular because of his genial, pleasant disposition and conscientious life.

He is survived by his father and mother, two sisters and one brother. The funeral took place Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Zion.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for May 7th, 1901:

John Ayers, Ed. Fox, Ira Kerser, Mrs. Kate Miller, David Myerstow, Lloyd Reynolds, T. G. Wilson, Charles Woods.

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Alexander Hallip.

When called for please say advertised

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Joshua Simpkins, the Rural comedy that has appeared in Bellefonte for the past several seasons is booked for Garman's opera house on Monday evening, May 13th. The play has been rewritten up to date. Is replete with new songs, new dances, new specialties, new scenery and mechanical effects. Joshua Simpkins has always pleased Bellefonte audiences. He is sure to repeat his success next Monday night.

—The Philadelphia Inquirer's crusade against the tramps who are so numerous in this state is receiving a hearty endorsement from many sections of this commonwealth. If possible, the Inquirer is determined to drive the tramp from Pennsylvania soil.

—Christy Smith's orchestra has been engaged to furnish the music at the Academy reception and tea on June 7th.

—Contractor Henry Lowry is building for himself a handsome brick cased residence on East Bishop street.

DEATH OF JOSEPH A. GREEN.

Expired at His Home in Milesburg Thursday Afternoon.

Joseph A. Green, one of the leading citizens of our sister town of Milesburg, died at his home in that place Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock of stomach trouble, of which he had been suffering for some time.

Deceased was the son of Gen. S. Miles Green, one of the county's earliest settlers, and was born in Barre, Huntingdon county, in January, 1843. His education was received at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. He achieved a most creditable military record during the Civil war, serving first with the 125th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and afterwards in the 13th Regiment, Pennsylvania Cavalry. While serving as a lieutenant of cavalry he was captured and confined in Libby prison for six or seven months. After he was exchanged he served as adjutant of Parole camp and was chief of staff with Gen. S. M. B. Young in the Shenandoah Valley.

After the war he engaged in business at Barre Furnace, Huntingdon county, and later in the coal mining business in Clearfield county. He was Past Commander of George L. Potter Post of Milesburg.

He is survived by a brother, Col. G. Dorsey Green, of Fillmore, and a sister, Miss Hannah E. Green, of Milesburg.

Deceased was a popular citizen, of a genial, kindly disposition and will be greatly missed in the community in which he lived.

The funeral took place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence of J. Miles Green at Milesburg; interment in the Union cemetery, Bellefonte.

The services were under the direction of George L. Potter Post, 261, of Milesburg.

AN OLD CITIZEN GONE.

Hiram Young Aged 86 Expires at His Home in Coleville.

Hiram Young, one of the county's earliest settlers and a highly respected citizen expired at his home in Coleville Sunday afternoon after a long and well spent life. Death was due to the infirmities incident to old age.

Deceased was born in Columbia county and was aged 86 years and 1 day. Seventy-two years ago he settled on Big Marsh Creek, being one of the pioneer settlers of what is now Curtin township. For 62 years he lived and farmed the same farm on Big Marsh Creek known as the old Young farm.

He was married twice, his first wife being Alice Amy, of Clearfield county, who died Jan. 20th, 1864. Six children were born to this union, 3 of whom are living, namely, Mrs. Annie Laubshier, of Lock Haven; I. M., of Bellefonte, and Harvey S., of Curtin twp.

His second wife was Rebecca Cartwright, of Centre county, who survives him. Eight children was the result of this union, 5 of whom are living as follows: Elijah, of Roopsburg; Elmer, North Bend, Clinton county; Ida, Boggs twp.; Harry H., Buffalo Run; Wm. of Coleville. He leaves one brother, William, of Curtin twp. He also leaves 43 grand-children and 9 great-grand-children. He was a consistent member of the Methodist church.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late residence at Coleville. Interment in the Union cemetery at this place, Rev. T. W. Perks of the United Brethren church officiating. The pall bearers were S. M. McMurtrie, Wm. Hampton, Amos Garbrick, Geo. Jodon, John Switzer and Jacob Cole.

Death of Lawrence L. Cooney.

Lawrence L. Cooney, one of Bellefonte's respected citizens died suddenly at the home of his daughter Mrs. Mary Fox, on East Bishop street Wednesday morning at 4:30 o'clock of heart trouble, aged 79 years. Mr. Cooney was a native of Ireland and came to this country when about 19 years of age. He resided in Bellefonte for many years and his upright life and industrious habits gained for him the confidence and respect of the community. The deceased is survived by a brother Luke Cooney who lives in Salem, N. Y., three sons and three daughters, as follows: Martin, of Bellefonte; Lawrence, of Youngstown, O.; Michael, whereabouts unknown, Mrs. Mary Fox, Bellefonte, at whose home he died, Mrs. Wm. Dillen, of Braddock and Mrs. Thomas Brennan, of Pittsburg. The funeral will occur on Friday morning from St. John's Catholic church with which the deceased was faithfully and consistently identified.

Public Notice.

On account of the wide area of the West Ward of this borough and the uncertainty of knowing at which end the fire may be, it has been decided by the fire marshall to divide that ward into two, and change the alarm in such a way as to facilitate the fire companies in knowing which way to run from High street.

Therefore beginning from this date, May 7th, 1901, the borough fire alarm will be as follows:

One long whistle of general alarm, to be followed by the ward signals.

1. North ward—One short whistle.
2. South ward—Two " "
3. West ward, south of High street—three short whistles.
4. West ward, north of High street—four short whistles.

THOMAS SHAUGHNESSY,
Fire Marshall.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

S. S. Blair of Tyrone, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

Hon. A. O. Furst, transacted business last week at Pittsburg.

Miss Lulu McMullen, of Hecla Park, spent Tuesday in town.

Gen. James A. Beaver departed Wednesday for Philadelphia.

Mrs. P. McDonald, of Unionville, spent Monday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. William Grauer, of Altoona, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

W. L. Daggett departed Tuesday morning for a short visit to Patton, Pa.

James I. Thompson, of Lemont, was a business visitor in Tyrone, Monday.

Ex-County Commissioner A. J. Greist, of Unionville, spent Tuesday in town.

Thomas J. Sexton Esq., visited his parents at Tyrone Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. J. H. Cooke, of Lewisburg, spent Thursday with her son Albert and wife of this place.

Mrs. Sidney Krumrine and two children, of this place, are visiting relatives in Williamsport.

Misses Anna and Rebecca Bartley and May Judge spent Saturday with friends at State College.

C. C. Shuey departed on Monday for a short visit to friends in Claysville, Washington county.

M. C. Gephart proprietor of the Bellefonte music store, spent Monday at his old home in Millheim.

Miss Grace Armor, arrived home Monday evening from a very pleasant visit with friends in Tyrone.

Mrs. Clement Dale left Saturday morning for Philadelphia where she will spend some time visiting friends.

John Henderson, a medical student at the Medico-Chi, Philadelphia, arrived home Saturday afternoon for his summer vacation.

Thomas McClellan, son of Wm. McClellan of this place, departed last week for Niagara Falls where he has secured employment.

Senator Heinle was with the delegation of State Senators who visited the Scotland Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial school on Wednesday evening.

George Fisher of Boalsburg, spent Monday night in Bellefonte, enroute to Harrisburg where he has accepted a position with a large grocery firm.

Mrs. Carrie Wood and two children, Charles and Margaret, were the guests last week of Mrs. Wood's uncle, sheriff Cyrus Brungart and family of this city.

Mrs. C. M. Garman and her two children, Daniel and George, departed last Thursday for West Hoboken, N. J., where they will visit Mrs. Garman's parents.

Miss Lulu Stover, daughter of Frank B. Stover, departed Saturday morning for Hagerstown, Md., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. Harry E. Stover, of that place.

Thomas McCafferty, whose health has not been of the best for sometime past, left Monday evening for Philadelphia, where he will take treatment from a specialist.

Hon. James Schofield, of Bellefonte, jolly and happy as ever, was in town Saturday greeting his many friends. He had been to Williamsport attending the Odd Fellows' big celebration.—Lewisburg Chronicle.

A. Scott Harris who has been resident manager of the Salona operations of the Bellefonte Lime Co.; left Thursday for the copper districts of New Mexico. He went to accept a good position in one of the mines there.

Rev. R. Crittenden departed on Thursday for Gospel work in parts of Elk county which he has never previously visited. He expects to spend Sunday May 12th with the Seneca Indians on the Cornplanter Reservation.

Miss Bertha Atwood left last week for Wilmington, Del., where she has accepted a position in the large millinery establishment of H. Saltzman, No. 226 King St. Her many friends here wish her success in her new home.

Rev. W. F. Carson, pastor of the Milesburg Presbyterian church, accompanied by Mrs. Carson, left last week for a visit to Philadelphia friends. They will remain until after the meeting of the Presbyterian General Assembly, which will be held in that city this month.

Will McCalmont, a medical student at the Medico-Chirugical College at Philadelphia, arrived home Saturday and spent Sunday with relatives at this place. He left Monday afternoon for Huntingdon where he has accepted a position in a drug store and will be employed until the college term opens next October.

Mr. Charles S. Faxon, late of Sterling, Neb., is ill at the home of his nephew, Thomas Faxon on East High street. Mr. Faxon is an old resident of Lewistown, having been at one time Master Mechanic of the old State Road, and again in '53 he was foreman of the Penna Railroad shops at Altoona. In company with some of our oldest citizens he used to ride over the country on horseback. He can see many great improvements since then of course. Over 40 years ago he went west where he stayed until a couple of weeks ago. He expects to remain in the east.

Cashier John P. Harris was in Lock Haven Wednesday.

C. M. Bower Esq., transacted business in Clearfield Monday.

S. M. Miller, of Philipsburg, was a Bellefonte visitor Wednesday.

Judge John G. Love was a Tyrone visitor on Tuesday night.

Edgar Burnside arrived home from New York city Saturday.

Frank Kerns spent Sunday at his mother's home at Millheim.

Mrs. George Brandon, of Carlisle, Pa., is visiting relatives in this place.

George B. Stevens, of Tyrone, transacted business in Bellefonte Monday.

Miss Daisy Keichline departed Monday afternoon for Battle Creek, Michigan.

Ex-Congressman J. D. Hicks, of Altoona was a familiar figure on our streets Wednesday.

Joseph L. Montgomery returned from a business trip to Philadelphia Wednesday morning.

Lincoln E. Swartz, of Hublersburg, was a pleasant caller at the REPUBLICAN office Wednesday.

Mrs. U. H. Reemer left Wednesday for Northumberland to visit her mother in that place.

Thomas Murray, of Milton, who is connected with the Jenkins Iron and Tool company at Howard, is a Bush House guest.

Former Governor Hastings and Col. J. L. Spangler are in Cambria county looking after their extensive coal interests in that county.

General John K. Robison, deputy factory inspector is investigating the places of business that comes within the scope of his official inquiry in this vicinity.

William H. Garman, mailing clerk at the Bellefonte post office, departed Friday for a trip through New York state. He will take in the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo ere returning home.

Zach E. Steele, formerly an employe of the REPUBLICAN office, but late a brakeman in the P. R. R., yards at Tyrone, left last week for Milwaukee as a delegate from Tyrone Lodge, No. 408, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, to attend the fifth biennial convention which convenes at that place Monday May 6. This is the third time Mr. Steele has been elected the representative of lodge No. 408. Four years ago he attended the convention at Toronto, two years ago at New Orleans, and this year he goes to Milwaukee.

Rev. C. W. Heisler D. D., president of Susquehanna University, preached two eloquent sermons to large congregations in the Lutheran church Sunday. His sermons were full of bright thoughts couched in the most beautiful language. In the evening he spoke especially to young people. Dr. Heisler is one of the most brilliant men in the pulpit today. He is a native of Clinton county and his father who was a minister before him preached on a circuit composed of Zion, Snydertown and Loganton. The young man graduated from College with highest honors went west and became prominent in church work and as president of the Law and order League of Colorado. His call to the presidency of Susquehanna University was a great compliment to a bright, energetic man.

The Centre County Fair.

The officials of the Centre County Fair Association at a meeting Tuesday night fixed the date for the Second annual fair at the association grounds for September 10, 11, 12 and 13. The brilliant success of the first fair held by the association last year has proven an incentive to the association officers and every effort is to be made to make this year's exhibition one of superior excellence.

The agricultural features of the coming fair will be especially looked after and the association managers are going to urge the active co-operation of every farmer in Centre county in order to make the agricultural exhibition the feature of the fair. The racing will be better than ever before and the large purses to be offered will bring to the track the best horse flesh in the country. The Centre county fair this year is going to be a big thing and no mistake.

—A committee of citizens of Altoona is at work preparing for a big time on the occasion of the laying of the corner stone of the United States government building in that city. Besides others, Justice Dean and Judge Bell will both be invited to deliver addresses, and Rev. Dr. Monroe will likely be invited to deliver the oration as part of the Masonic ceremony. A big parade was suggested in connection with the other ceremonies, but it will probably not materialize on account of the parade to occur about the same time in honor of the return of the Forty-third regiment from the Philippines.

—A Conshohocken man is now minus a leg, the result of paring down a troublesome corn. Blood poisoning followed and the amputation of the affected limb was necessary to save the man's life.

—The annual meeting of the Augustana conference of the Swedish Lutheran church held at DuBois, adjourned Monday, to meet at Peale, May 7, 1902.

—Reports from Lock Haven say that thousands of acres of the Scootac lands are being burned over by forest fires.

LINDEN HALL ITEMS.

Miss Nora Floray, of Tusseyville, is staying at Wm. Reynolds of this place.

Bunyan says that recently while making one of his nocturnal visits, he saw several men fishing along Spring Creek on Sunday morning.

Mrs. Robert Corl visited her son at Pleasant Gap a few days, recently.

Mrs. Hull and children, of Bellefonte, are visiting with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. Rudy, of State College, has been spending a week or so with relatives here.

Dr. Frye, of Pine Grove, is frequently seen on our streets. Mr. Frye is known by our farmers to be one of the best veterinary surgeons in Central Pennsylvania.

Weber Brothers, of Boalsburg, are painting in town this week.

Henry Zeigler spent a day recently at the county seat.

Misses Meyer and Bitner, of Penn Hall, passed through town on Monday on their way home from Boalsburg, where they had spent Sunday,

Mrs. F. P. Vonada and Mrs. Jacob Musser of Penn Cave, visited relatives here on Saturday,

Mr. J. A. Long, of Old Fort, visited his mother, Mrs. Hester Long, of this place, on Sunday.

John Winklebleck spent Sunday with his parents at Coburn.

The saw mill at this place has been shut down for a week and the men have all been taken to the mountains to peel bark.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

Wyckoff Pipe Co., to Linden Hall Lumber Co., April 20, 1901, tract of land in Harris twp. Con. $1,500.

Matthew D, Philson to Chas. E. Corrigan, April 29, 1901, 2 tracts of land in Taylor twp. Consideration $1.

David P. Shamp to J. H. Folger, April 13, 1901, 32 acres, 106 perches in Walker twp. Consideration $400.

J. L. Kreamer et al to Laurelton Lumber Co., April 24, 1901, 1225 acres, 56 perches in Haines twp. Consideration $2,500.

Henry I. Taylor et ux to Carrie Dell Armstrong, May 4, 1901, house and lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $900.

Philipsburg Coal and Land Co., to T. H. Twiggs, Sept. 2, 1900, lot of ground in Rush twp. Consideration $60.

Wm. Boal to Colyer Class Evangelical Christians, June 22, 1901, 63 6-10 perches in Potter twp, Consideration $10.

Henry Irwin Taylor to Theresa B. Taylor May 4, 1901, house and lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $1.500.

Sallie E. Alexander et baron to C. H. Pressler May 1, 1901, 50 acres in Penn twp. Consideration $2,500.

Cyrus Brungart sheriff to W. Harrison Walker April 25, 1901, house and lot in Bellefonte. Consideration $5,110.

Franklin Knarr et ux to Lambert J. Noll May 1, 1901, 8 acres, 95 perches in Millheim. Consideration $515.62.

Louise Brachbill and George Overton Win the D. A. R. Prizes.

The contest for the prizes of $10 in gold offered by the local chapter of the D. A. R. to the pupils of the Senior grammar school of the Bellefonte public schools took place Wednesday afternoon in the stone school building. The contestants were Goldie Cain, Edna Meyers, Louise Brachbill, Paul Etters, David Barlett and George Overton. The work of all the contestants has been highly commended and it was with no little difficulty that the judges were able to reach an equitable decision. The judges decided that Louise Brachbill and George Overton were entitled to the two prizes of $5.00 each. The subject of Miss Brachbill's paper was "The Declaration of Independence," and that of George Overton "The First Blood of the Revolution."

The exercises incident to the occasion were opened with prayer by Rev. George Israel Brown. While the judges were reaching a decision, D. F. Fortney and Edward Overton made brief addresses. A prayer by Rev. C. N. Woodson concluded a very pleasant and interesting entertainment. A large crowd was in attendance.

What a fishing Party Needs in its Larder.

A party of Bellefonte sportsmen are going on a fishing excursion into the wilds of the Allegheny mountains. The subject of "provender" has been widely discussed and in order to assist the party in reaching a definite conclusion as to what is best to take along to cater to the wants of the inner man, the chef of the party has submitted the following as a suitable line of provisions for a fishing trip:

1 dozen canary tongues, boiled a la Francaise.

2 dozen rabbit eggs, American style, hard boiled.

5 pounds mosquito ham, a la mode.

2 pounds fricasseed fishing worms dressed with gooseberry sauce A l'Anglaise.

Short cake, doughnuts and angel's food assorted.

2 gallons old Kentucky bourbon.

JONAS SPOOPENDYKE, *Chef.*

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.